SÁCH BÀI TẬP

TIẾNG ANH (A1)

Biên soạn: Ths. NGUYỄN THỊ THIẾT
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HÀ NỘI - 2006
UNIT I: HELLO

1. Complete the dialogues

   Example: A: What’s your name?
            B: It’s Smith.

   1. A: ………………, Mr Smith?
       B: James.
   4. A: ………………photographer?
       B: No, ………………accountant.
       A: Oh!

   2. A: ………………?
       B: I’m an electrician.
   5. A: ………………pilot?
       B: Yes, ………………

   3. A: ………………doctor?
       B: No, ………………actress.

2. Write the questions and answers.

   Example: Denise Quinton / Jean Sheppard
            ➔ Is your name Denise Quinton?
            No, it isn’t. It’s Jean Sheppard.

   1. Gavin Jowitt / Luis Dorrington
      ➔ …………………………………………………………………
      …………………………………………………………………

   2. Luis Dorrington / James Wharton
      ➔ …………………………………………………………………
      …………………………………………………………………

   3. Gillian Sharpy / Jean Sheppard
      ➔ …………………………………………………………………
      …………………………………………………………………
4. Jean Sheppard / Denise Quinton

3. Translate into Vietnamese.

1. What do you do?

2. How are you?

3. I’m an engineer.

4. She’s an engineer.

4. Am/ ’m not, is/ isn’t, are/ aren’t.

1. Hello. How …….. you?

2. How ……..your daughter today?

3. ‘Are you English?’ ‘Yes, I………..’

4. ‘………..Judith a doctor.’ ‘No, she……….. She’s a dentist.’

5. ‘Are you an artist?’ ‘No, I ……..’

5. Complete the dialogues.

1. A: ……..?
   B: Not bad. And you?
   A: ………………

2. A: ……..?
   B: Good afternoon, Mr Kowalsaki. I’m fine, thank you. And you?
   A: ………………

3. A: Hello. I’m Polly. What’s your name?
   B: ………………

6. Translate these into Vietnamese.

1. Hello, my name’s Mary Lake.

2. Hello. Yes, room three one two, Mrs Lake.

3. Thank you.
4. What’s your name? .........................................................
5. Cartherine. .................................................................
6. What’s your name? .........................................................
7. John. ...............................................................
8. Is your name Mark Perkins? .........................................................
9. No, it isn’t. It’s Harry Brown. .........................................................

7. Correct these sentences.

Example: What’s your name?  ➔ What’s your name?
1. How old are you ➔ .........................................................
2. I’m an engineer. ➔ .........................................................
3. Suzanne is French. ➔ .........................................................
4. Are you an architect. ➔ .........................................................
5. John isn’t England. ➔ .........................................................
6. She’s twenty-seven. ➔ .........................................................

8. Match a question in A with an answer in B.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2. What’s your name?</td>
<td>b. He’s 33.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. How old is Graham?</td>
<td>c. No, she isn’t.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Where are they from?</td>
<td>d. 85p.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. How are the children?</td>
<td>e. It’s in Athens.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Are they married?</td>
<td>g. They are fine.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. How much is an orange juice?</td>
<td>h. I am a doctor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Is she Spanish?</td>
<td>i. Yes, they are.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Are you at university?</td>
<td>j. I’m Sue.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
9. Make negatives.

Example: Rome is in Spain. → Rome isn’t in Spain. It’s in Italy.

1. Bananas are blue. → ………………………………
2. Tokyo is the capital of China. → ………………………………
3. You’re from British. → ………………………………
4. The day after Thursday is Wednesday. → ………………………………
5. NewYork is in Canada. → ………………………………
6. London and Paris are small cities. → ………………………………

10. Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

Example: Married she is. → Is she married?

1. Children old are how your. → ………………………………?
2. Number her what phone is. → ………………………………?
3. The flat center London in is of your. → ………………………………?
4. Brother home your is at. → ………………………………?
5. The much sandwishes how are chicken. → ………………………………?

11. Write the short forms.

Example: It is a holiday. → It’s a holiday.

1. My brother is not married. → ………………………………
2. I am not a student. → ………………………………
3. Where is the university? → ………………………………?
4. You are twenty-nine. → ………………………………
5. We are at school. → ………………………………
6. She is cool and I am hot. → ………………………………

12. Each sentence has a mistake. Find and correct it.

Example: Antonia is Italiana. → Antonia is Italian.

1. London is a city very big. → ………………………………
2. Hans is businessman. → ………………………………
3. You family is very nice. → ………………………………
4. Buses in London are reds.  → ...................................................
5. Are near here my flat.  → ...................................................

13. Put the words in the correct order.

Example: Madrid / Jorge / from / is  → Jorge is from Madrid.
1. Policeman / from / is / John / a / New York  → ...................................................
2. Married / sister / is / your  → ...................................................
3. Isn’t / coffee / nice / English / very  → ...................................................
4. Your / what / name / teacher’s / is?  → ...................................................

14. Complete the sentences with the verb in the box.

am / ’m not is / isn’t are / aren’t

Example: I’m not English.
1. Vinnea ………. in Australia.  
2. Where ………. you from?  
3. I ………. on holiday. I’m at work.  
5. What time ………. the bank open?  
6. I ………. hungry. How much ………. a tuna sandwich?  
7. Learning English ………. boring! It’s interesting.

15. Translate the sentences into Vietnamese. Translate the ideas, not word by word.

1. I am a student.  → .................................
2. My sister is a teacher.  → .................................
3. She isn’t at home. She’s at work  → .................................
4. My flat is small.  → .................................
5. John’s flat is in the centre of town.  → .................................

16. Write the questions.

Example: What’s his first name?  His first name is John.
1. …………………………………..?  He’s from Britain.
2. …………………………………..?  He’s 30.
3. ........................................?  94 East St, Oxford OX1 9HJ.
4. ........................................?  He’s a teacher
5. ........................................?  His surname is Smith.

17. Write questions and negative sentences

Example: Lan is a teacher.
→ Is Lan a teacher?
Lan isn’t a teacher.

1. He is a nurse.
→ ........................................?

2. Hai is a student.
→ ........................................?

3. Bradley is an engineer.
→ ........................................?

4. You are Japanese.
→ ........................................?

5. It is a car.
→ ........................................?

18. Complete the sentences

1. Lan is British.
→ She is from……………..

2. Tom is American.
→ He is from……………..

3. Natasha is Russian.
→ She is from……………..

4. Pedro is Egyptian.
→ He is from……………..

5. George is Italian.
→ He is from……………..

19. Write the missing words.

1. ‘Are ……………..Mary Lewis?’ ‘Yes, …………….. am.’
2. She’s from Spain. …………….. name’s Carmen.
3. ……………..’s from Japan. His name’s Mr Watanabe.
4. ‘Are ……………..Italian?’ ‘No, I’m Greek.’
5. ‘Is your name John Collett?’ ‘No, …………….. isn’t.’
6. …………….. name’s Alice Stephens. I’m a dentist.
20. Complete dialogues.

1. This ................. Tom. He is ............... the United States. He is ............... an engineer. ............... American is he’s from
2. Is ............... a cook? No, he is............... Bradlay Is he ............... England? ............... yes, he is from England. a mechanic
3. Bill, ............... is Lan. Please to ............... you, Lan. Are ............... from China? This

21. Write about you including.
Your name Your nationality Your job Your country Your age
My name ..........................................................................................................................
..........................................................................................................................
..........................................................................................................................
..........................................................................................................................

22. Complete dialogues.

1. This....... Tom. He is....... engineer. He....... American. He is ............... the United States.

2. ......is Sally. She ............a teacher. She ...........from Australia. She’s.......Tom and Sally............... friends.

23. Translate into English.
UNIT 2: PEOPLE

1. Put in his, her, their, is or are.

   Example: Monica and her mother are both doctors.
   Philippe is French, and his wife German.

   1. Joyce Price is a photographer and ........ brother .......... an accountant.
   3. Sonia ........... a doctor, and .......... mother is a doctor, too.
   4. Henry’s mother ........... a shop assistant. ........... name is Lucy.
   5. George and Karen ...... British. ..... daughter ..... married to an American.

2. Complete the sentences.

   1. I have ........ three children.
   2. How many children ........ you got?
   3. My father ........ got two sisters.
   4. I haven’t ........ any sisters.
   5. ........ any brothers or sisters.

3. Complete the dialogue.

   A: Good morning, Ms Martin.
   B: (1) .................
   A: Please sit down.
   B: (2) .................
   A: (3) .................?
   B: Yes, I (4) .................
   A: What is (5)’s name?
   B: Alex.
A: And (6) ………… …………?
B: Thirty-two.
A: Have you got any (7) …………?
B: Yes, (8) …………. A boy and a …………

4. Put the word in the right order
1. Got you brothers any have? → ……………………………
2. Me is Ann name excuse your Simth? → ……………………………
3. Lucy are her students and brother? → ……………………………
4. From where Cartherine’s is father? → ……………………………
5. Spell name your how do first you? → ……………………………

5. Look carefully at the form. Then write a passage about Ann Harris.

First name: Ann
Surname: Harris
Age: 30
Job: photographer
Addess: 17 York Gardens, Perth
Husband’s name: John Harris
Husband’s age: 26
Husband’s job: dentist
Numbers of children: two
Children’s names and ages: Mary (4), Sam (2).

Her name’s Ann...........................................................................................
.............................................................................................................
.............................................................................................................
.............................................................................................................
.............................................................................................................
6. Add s,’s, s’ or -.

1. I’ve got three brother …………
2. My brother…….. are very tall………
3. My sister …………husband ………… name……….. Steve.
4. My parent …………surname is Webb, but my name …………Watson.
5. How old …………are your …………children …………..?

7. Choose the correct word.

1. My wife and his/ her brother are in American.
2. My wife/ wife’s/ wives’ parents are artist.
3. Her brohter’s a/ an teacher.
4. We’ve got two children; they/ there are very tall.
5. My wife and I are dank, but our/ your/ their children are fair.

8. Separate the two stories.

Alice is sixteen.
Steve is twenty.
His surname is Berczuk; it’s a Ukrainian name.
She is a student from Aberdeen, in Scotland.
Her surname is MacAllen.
He’s an artist, so his job is interesting.
He’s is from Australia, but now he is both British and Autralia.
MacAllen is a Scottish name, not an Enghlish name.
Alice lives at 6 Menzies Way.
He is from Sydney.
His address in London is 113 Beech Road, NW2.
She is not very well today.
9. Match words and numbers.

<p>| | | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>55</td>
<td>five</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>sixty-six</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>fifty-five</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>six</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>fifty</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>sixteen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>fifteen</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>sixty</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99</td>
<td>ninety</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>nineteen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>ninety-nine</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. Write these numbers in words.

76: seventy-six

82 .......................... 23 ..........................

61 .......................... 47 ..........................

14 .......................... 88 ..........................

30 .......................... 54 ..........................

17 .......................... 12 ..........................

11. Which one is different?

1. morning  evening  night  name

2. hi  how  where  what

3. Italian  ritish  apan  American

4. hi  thanks  ello  good morning

5. fine  every well  not bad  ood

6. two  twenty-eight  seven  sixteen

12. Translate these into Vietnamese.

1. How old are you? .................................................................

2. How are you? .................................................................

3. He’s separated .................................................................

4. She’s divorced .................................................................

5. She’s a widow .................................................................
13. Complete the table.

1. ........... am
2. You .................
3. He/ She/ It ..........
4. We ..................
5. You ................
6. .....................are

14. Translate these into Vietnamese.

1. She is very fair. ➔ ...........................................
2. He is quite good-looking. ➔ ...........................................
3. This is Sam’s friend, Eric. ➔ ...........................................
4. This is Sam’s girlfriend, Judy. ➔ ...........................................
5. “Is she English? ” “No, she’s not. She’s French ”. ➔ ...............................................

15. Put the words in the right column.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>John’s</th>
<th>Mark’s</th>
<th>Joyce’s</th>
<th>Ann’s</th>
<th>Alan’s</th>
<th>Ronald’s</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Greece’s</td>
<td>an artist’s</td>
<td>Alice’s</td>
<td>Mr Nash’s</td>
<td>my parent’s</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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<th>/ s /</th>
<th>/ iz /</th>
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<tbody>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16. Write the plurals.

1. engineer.................. 6. boyfriend..........................
2. artist..................... 7. secretary........................
3. woman..................... 8. doctor..........................
4. child...................... 9. country.......................
5. daughter................... 10. man..........................
17. Translate these into Vietnamese.

1. Joe and Ann have got three children. →……………………………
2. I’ve got two daughters and a son. →……………………………
3. What are their names? →……………………………
4. My son’s name is Fred. →……………………………
5. My daughters’ names are Alice and Lucy. →……………………………
6. Who is John’s daughter? →……………………………

18. Translate these into Vietnamese.

1. Sit down, please. →……………………………
2. You’re Canadian, aren’t you? →……………………………
3. Excuse me a moment. →……………………………
4. How many children have you got? →……………………………
5. Pardon? →……………………………

19. Write Where, Who, What, or How

1. “………….. are you?” “ Fine thanks.”
2. …………….’s your name?
3. …………….is your mother from?
4. ……………..old is John?
5. “…………….’s your dentist?” “ Mr Phillips. ”

20. Make plurals.

1. student → students 6. child ..........................
2. age .......................... 7. parent ..........................
3. widow .......................... 8. sister ..........................
4. man .......................... 9. wife ..........................
5. woman .......................... 10. address ..........................
21. Write the name of these numbers.

100   12   58   95
83    32   10   76
17    14   2    29
70    40   61   11

22. Write the questions.

Example: Spain.  → Where are you from?
1. It’s near the table.  → ........................................
2. Not bad, thanks. And you?  → ........................................
3. I’m a housewife.  → ........................................
4. No, they’re dentists.  → ........................................

23. Find words for the blanks.

1. How old are you?  .......... fifteen.
2. Are you Japanese? Yes, ............
3. Is John an electrician? Yes, ............
4. ........ surname is Brown.
5. ........ student.
6. My son are very ........

24. Put this text in the right order.

She’s a journalist for the international page of a daily newspaper.
She’s a dark, slim, pretty woman, and very intelligent.
My friend Solange is from Paris.
She speaks English, German, Spanish and a little Italian.
Her holiday home has got a swimming pool.
He is quite tall and fair, and a good swimmer.
She and her ex-husband have got one son, Julien.
And a good tennis player.
Solange is a good swimmer, too.
He is fifteen.

25. Look at the text about Solange, and write about your mother, father, wife, husband, boyfriend, girlfriend, brother, sister, teacher, boss...

26. Complete the table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>I</th>
<th>your</th>
<th>he is</th>
<th>I’m</th>
<th>you are not</th>
<th>he isn’t</th>
<th>am I?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>she</td>
<td></td>
<td>she’s</td>
<td></td>
<td>it is not</td>
<td></td>
<td>is she?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(its)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>our</td>
<td></td>
<td>we are</td>
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<tr>
<td>you are</td>
<td></td>
<td>you are</td>
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<tr>
<td>they</td>
<td></td>
<td>they’re</td>
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<tr>
<td>they are</td>
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<td>(its)</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

27. Write the full forms.

1. Susan’s an engineer. Susan is.
2. They’re Italian.
3. I’ve got five brothers.
5. They haven’t got any children.
6. He’s a photographer.

28. ’s: is, his or her?

1. John’s pen is under your book. → His pen
2. John’s an electrician. →
3. Susan’s secretary isn’t well. →
4. Where’s Ann’s bag? →
5. Are Dan’s books in your bag? → 

6. I think Ann’s about fifty. → 

29. Make as many questions as you can.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>What</th>
<th>Is</th>
<th>rapid</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Who</td>
<td>is</td>
<td>she</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How</td>
<td>Are</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>How old</td>
<td>are</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Where</td>
<td>Have</td>
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<td></td>
<td>do</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>does</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

John
Ann and her mother
they
your sister
your name
you

an engineer
photographers
English
do
spell it
got any sisters
your brother
from
mean
UNIT 3: WHERE

1. Read the information and write about the flat.

Sally lives in a big flat:

Four rooms: Living room, two bedrooms, big kitchen

And: Bathroom, separate toilet

Big fridge, dishwasher

In the living room: Colour TV

Write about Sally’s flat by completing the following description

There(1)…………four (2) …………in Sally’s flat: a living room, two (3)…………and a big (4)…………… (5)……………bathroom too, and a separate (7)……………In the kitchen (8) ………… (9)……………a big (10) ………… and a dishwasher. (11) ………… (12) ………… (13) …………colour (14) ………… in the (15) ………… (16)…………

2. Jenny lives in a small flat. Write about Jenny’s flat.

Two rooms: Bed-sitting room, very small kitchen

And: Small bathroom with a shower and a toilet

In the kitchen: Small fridge

In the bed-sitting room: Black and white TV

3. Write about one of these: your house or flat, your “dream house”, or the house/flat of someone you know (your mother/brother/friend…)

.................................................................................................................................................................

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Unit 3: Where

4. Say these letters.
   A  E  I  H  Y  R  K  W
   G  Q  V  J  X  Z  U

5. Spell these words aloud.
   address  age  John  eighteen  sorry
   intelligent  night  interesting  Japan
   housewife  evening  widow  married

6. Say these abbreviations
   USSR  TWA  BBC  EEC  USA  OK

7. Complete these dialogues
   1. A: ………………………?  
      B: Over there by the stairs  
      A: ……………………….  
      *  *  *

   2. A  Excuse me. Where’s room 8, please?  
      B: …………………………………….  
      A: ……………………………………….  
      *  *  *

   3. A: Excuse me. Where’s the nearest………?  
      B: ……………………………………….  
      A: ……………………………………….

8. Answer these questions. Use Yes, there is/ are; No, there isn’t/ aren’t or I don’t know.
   1. Is there a bank in your street?  →……………………………………
   2. Is there a swimming pool near your home?  →……………………………………
3. Is there an armchair in your bedroom? → ..............................................
4. Is there a television in your livingroom? → ..............................................
5. Is there a bus stop in your street? → .........................................................
6. Are there tigers in Canada? → .................................................................
7. Are there elephants in Thailand? → ........................................................
8. Are there penguins in Brazil? → .............................................................
9. Are there camels in India? → .................................................................
10. Is there a cat in your home? → ..............................................................

9. True or false? Write T or F after each sentence. You can use your dictionary.
   1. The USSR is 31 miles (50km) from the USA. 
   2. In 1710, there were 350 Europeans living in North America.
   3. Mont Blanc is 6,000 metres high.
   4. There are twenty pence (20p) in a pound sterling. (£1)
   5. There are a hundred cents (100¢) in a US dollar. ($1)
   6. There are three kilometers in a mile.
   7. The President of the United states lives in the White house.
   8. There are penguins in the Arctic.

10. You are in the street near your home, or at the town center in your home town. Answer these questions.
   1. Excuse me. Where’s the nearest bus stop, please?
      ...........................................................................................................
   2. Excuse me. Is there a car park near here?
      ...........................................................................................................
   3. Excuse me. Is there a swimming pool in the town?
      ...........................................................................................................
   4. Excuse me. I’m looking for the post office.
      ...........................................................................................................
5. Excuse me. Where’s the police station, please?

11. Add some words to each list.
   1. Armchair, chair, ……………
   2. Artist, doctor, …………….
   3. Bank, post office, …………
   4. Bedroom, living room, ………

12. Translate these into Vietnamese.
   1. There are two bedrooms in the house.
   2. There’s a sofa in the living room.
   4. I live at 37 Valley Road.
   5. My sister lives on the ground floor, and my brother lives in a small flat on the third floor.
   6. Excuse me. Where’s the nearest post office?
   7. It’s over there on the right.
   8. “Thank you very much.” “Not at all.”
   9. I’m sorry, I don’t know.
   10. Thank you anyway.
   11. Go straight on for about three hundred metres.
   12. First on the right, then second on the left.
   13. How far is it?

13. Read this and answer the question.

   Four people work in an office: two women and two men.
   Anne likes Catherine, but she dislikes the two men.
   Peter doesn’t like the person that Anne likes, but he likes Anne.
   Only one person likes Catherine.
   John likes two people.
   One person doesn’t like Anne. Who is it?
14. Write a poem about your likes and dislike. Use a dictionary if you want to.

Example:
I quite like the sea.
I like my friends and my family.
I love the sun, strawberries, dancing and cats.
I don’t like fast cars or snails.
I hate violence.

15. Answer the questions
1. Where are you at six o’clock in the morning?
…………………………………………………..

2. Where are you at eight o’clock in the morning?
…………………………………………………..

3. Where are you at ten o’clock in the morning?
…………………………………………………..

4. Where are you at ten to one in the afternoon?
…………………………………………………..

5. Where are you at a quarter past seven in the evening?
…………………………………………………..

16. Pronunciation. Draw the lines in box 2 to show which words rhyme with letters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Box 1</th>
<th>Box 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>are</td>
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<tr>
<td>G</td>
<td>day</td>
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<tr>
<td>I</td>
<td>my</td>
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<tr>
<td>J</td>
<td>we</td>
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<td>R</td>
<td>who</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
17. One sentence is correct. Which one?

Example: Where she from?  X
Where does she from?  X
Where is she from?  ✔

1. a. Sally is a nice girl, and I like.
   b. Sally is a nice girl, and I like her.
   c. Sally is a nice girl, and I like him.

2. a. He has 27 years old.
   b. He’s 27 years .
   c. He’s 27.

3. a. Peter works with his father.
   b. Peter works with he’s father
   c. Peter works with him father.

4. a. Sally and Tim live in Madrid. They’re flat is lovely.
   b. Sally and Tim live in Madrid. Their flat is lovely.
   c. Sally and Tim live in Madrid. There flat is lovely.

5. a. She lives in a house or a flat?
   b. Does she lives in a house a flat?
   c. Does she live in a house a flat?

6. a. I don’t like going to discos.
   b. I don’t like go to discos.
   c. I no like going to discos.

18. Translate the text into your language.

UNIT 4: COUNTING AND MEASURING

1. Put in the correct form of the verb.

   Example: What languages do you speak?
   They do not know my address.

   1. Where ……….. your mother ………..?
   2. What time ……….. you ………..work ?
   3. Lucy ………..……….. on Friday afternoons.
   4. ……….. Cathy ……….. reading?
   5. ………..they ……….. German in Switzerland?

   2. Put in “how much” or “how many”.

   1. ………..……….. brothers and sisters have you got?
   2. ‘………..……….. English do you speak?’ ‘Not much,’
   3. ………..……….. people are there in your family?
   4. ………..……….. calories are there in a pint of beer?
   5. ‘………..……….. money have you got on you ?’ ‘About £5,’

   3. Put in the right prepositions from the box.

   At by from in near next to of opposite outside to until

   Michael is an accountant in a language school. He lives (1)……….. a
   small flat (2)……….. the fourth floor of a building (3)……….. a small street
   (4)……….. Tokyo. The school is not very (5)……….. his home; he goes
   (6)……….. work (7)……….. bus, and leaves home at eight o’clock to arrive
   (8)……….. work at nine. He usually does some work in the bus (9)……….. his
   way (10)……….. work.

   Michael’s school is (11)……….. a railway station. It is very big, and it
   has got a lot (12)……….. students. Micheal likes his office; it is (13)………..
the reception desk, but it is big and quiet; there are some pretty trees (14)…….. his window. He works (15)…….. nine o’clock (16)…….. a quarter to one, and then goes to lunch. Then he starts work again (17)…….. two and stops (18)…….. five. On his way back (19)…….. work he buys some food, and has supper (20)…….. home. He likes living (21)…….. Japan; he doesn’t go home to England (22)…….. holiday, but visits pretty places (23)…….. Japan.

It is Saturday morning now, and Michael is (24)…….. home (25)…….. bed. (26)…….. Saturday he gets up at ten o’clock, and then sits (27)…….. the living room to have breakfast. (28)…….. Saturday afternoon he plays tennis or goes swimming. (29)…….. Saturday evenings he usually goes out.

4. Complete the sentences.

1. There………….. apples in the cupboard.
2. …………… there …………… ice cream in the fridge?
3. How …………… students …………… there in your class?
4. …………… my friends play tennis, but not many of them play badminton.
5. How …………… milk have we got?

5. Put in never, sometimes, often, usually or always (tell the truth!)

1. I eat bananas. 7. I eat fish.
2. I go to the cinema. 8. I go dancing.
3. I drink coffee . 9. I drink tea.
4. I speak French. 10. I read poetry.
5. I work at home. 11. I watch TV on Sundays.
6. I get up before six o’clock. 12. I play tennis.

6. Translate thse into Vietnamese.

1. I don’t like cats, but my brother likes them very much.
2. “Do you like dogs” “Yes, I do.” / “No, I don’t.”
3. It depends.
4. What time is it?
5. Ten past three; half past three; a quarter to four; five to four
6. She’s at home.
7. He’s at school.
8. Stan gets up seven o’clock.
9. After breakfast, he goes to work by bus.
10. What time does Karen get up?
11. What newspaper do you read?
12. What sort of music do you like?

7. Write the full forms

Example: aren’t  are not
1. haven’t  2. we’re  3. doesn’t
4. you’re  5. don’t  6. they’re  7. I’m

8. Answer Yes, I do; No, I don’t; Yes, I am or No, I’m not.

1. Are you tall?
2. Do you like cats?
3. Are you married?
4. Are you American?
5. Do you speak French?
6. Do you work on Saturdays?
7. Are you a student?
8. Do you like your work?
9. Do you like children?

9. Give the third-person singular (he/she/it) forms of these verbs.

Example: work  works
1. like  2. watch  3. get  4. go
5. have  6. sell  7. study  8. finish

10. What food and drink is there in your fridge/kitchen/flat/house? Use some and any.

Example: There’s some beer in my fridge, but there aren’t any tomatoes
11. Make sentences

I haven’t got
I’ve got

enough      a lot of
too many    too much

money       work       free time
friends     clother


12. Translate these into Vietnamese

1. Do you know potatoes are eighty pence a kilo.
2. Everything’s so expensive.
3. It’s terrible.
4. There aren’t any books on the table.
5. There isn’t any snow in the garden.
6. “Are there any fair people in your family?” “Yes, there are”/ “No, there aren’t”.
7. I don’t understand.
8. How many states are there in the USA?
9. There aren’t many people here.
10. There isn’t enough light in this room.
11. I’ve got too much work.
13. Write questions for these answers.

Example: No, she doesn’t. She lives in Paris.

Does your mother live in London?

1. No, there isn’t, but there’s some in the cupboard.
2. At seven o’clock.
3. No, I don’t; I go by bus.
4. Yes, there are two.
5. At 23 Banbury Road.
6. Yes, I was.
7. It’s over there by the police station.
8. About a hundred metres.
9. In a post office in Bradley Street.
10. Eight three two, four five four seven.
11. By car.
13. No, but I’m interested in rock music.

14. Believe it or not. Read this with a dictionary.

There are 6,700 museums in North America. 52% of Australia, 39% of British people, and 11% of French people say that they are “very happy”. Your brain is 80% water. More than one third of Britain’s Prime Ministers went to the same school – Eton College.

The Wrigley’s factory makes 1,360,000 kilometers of chewing gum every year.

There are 150 million bicycles in the world.

Americans use 300 litres of water per day per person.

Elephants sleep for only two hours per day.

15. Spelling. Write the third person (he/ she/ it) forms.

Example: cost  costs
dislike  get  go  hate  like
16. Complete the sentences with a verb from the box.

Example: He speaks four languages

2. She’s a pilot. She …………….. all over the world.
3. Peter …………….. two children.
4. In winter Alice …………….. skiing and in summer she …………….. tennis.
5. My daughter …………….. French and German at university.
6. John …………….. work at six o’clock every day.

17. Complete the conversation with does, is, or has.

A: My sister (1) …………….. very clever.
B: What (2) …………….. she do?
A: She (3) …………….. an interpreter.
B: Where (4) …………….. she live?
A: She (5) …………….. a lovely flat in London.
B: (6) …………….. she married?
A: Yes, Her husband’ name (7) …………….. Rob.
B: (8) …………….. she have any children?
A: Yes, She (9) ……….. one son. He (10) ……….. eight years old.

18. Match the questions and and answers.

2. What does she do in her free time? b. Because he’s a pilot.
3. Who does he play football with? c. In a flat in Manchester.
4. When does she go skiing? d. His two sons.
5. How does he go to work? e. By car.
7. How old are you? g. She goes swimming.
8. Why does he travel a lot? h. In winter.

19 a. Make the questions to the answers

Example: Does/ what/ up/ get/ he/ time/?

What time does he get up?
At seven o’clock.

1. For/ does/ have/ breakfast/ he/ what/?
   Tea and toast.
2. To/ how/ work/ does/ go/?
   By bus.
3. Lunch/ where/ have/ does/ he/?
   In a café
4. He/ does/ what/ evening/ do/ the/ in/?
   He watches television.
5. Bed/ does/ to/ he/ go/?
   At eleven o’clock.

b. Write the questions for these answers.

1. At nine o’clock.
2. In a bookshop.
3. At one o’clock.
4. At half past five.
5. doing in the evenings? He likes watching television and reading.
20. Match a line in A with a line in B to make questions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>What</td>
<td>do you go to bed?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Where</td>
<td>languages do you speak?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What time</td>
<td>is a cup of coffee and a sandwich?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Who</td>
<td>do you usually sit next to?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How much</td>
<td>do you do at weekends?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How many</td>
<td>do you go on holiday?</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

21. Translate into English.

UNIT 5. APPEARANCES

1. Choose the correct answer.

1. I'm busy at the moment. .......................... on the computer.
   a. I work       b. I'm work       c. I'm working       d. I working
2. I think I'll buy these shoes. ................. really well.
   a. They fit    b. they have fit    c. They are fitting    d. they were fitting.
3. I ............... like that coat. It's really nice.
   a. am          b. do           c. very          d. yes
4. What's the weather like in Canada? How often ............... there?
   a. does is snow    b. does is snows
   c. snow it        d. snows it
5. I need to buy ............... 
   a. a bread      b. a loaf of bread
   c. a loaf bread  d. breads
6. I'm looking for ............... 
   a. fair trousers   b. a pair trousers
   c. a trousers      d. a pair of trousers

2. Put theses words in the right order to make questions.

1. moment what you at are the wearing?

2. mother look your you like do?

3. play any the at sports weekend you do?
4. How much black these are T-shirts?
........................................................................................................
5. Got you it have larger in a size?
........................................................................................................
6. brother got blue has your eyes?
........................................................................................................

3. Choose the correct word.
   1. My sister is / has got very long hair.
.........................................................................................
   2. What colour are/ have your eyes?
.........................................................................................
   3. Are / Have you cold?
.........................................................................................
   4. What colour is/ has his hair?
.........................................................................................
   5. Lucy has / is short grey hair and blue eyes.
.........................................................................................
   6. I'm looking for a / some shoes.
.........................................................................................

4. Use "have got" to write questions.
   1. you / got ear-rings?
.........................................................................................
   2. you / a camera?
.........................................................................................
   3. your father/ blue eyes?
.........................................................................................
   4. Carol/ many friends?
.........................................................................................
5. Mr and Mrs Lewis / any children?

6. What kind of car/ John?

5. Read the following paragraph and answer the questions.

I'm arriving at Waverley Station to meet you. But I don't know if you recognize me any more. After all, I was only five years old when you went to Canada. I haven't got a photo to send you so I have to tell you what I look like. I'm tall about 1 m 75 and I've got blue eyes. As for my hair: Well, I have shoulder-length straight dark hair. I'm slim, quite slim, but I'd like to lose a kilo. I usually wear jeans and a T-shirt, but if I come from work, I am in a skirt and a blouse. I've got a photo of you taken when you were twelve, but I expect you've changed. What do you look like now?

Questions
1. How tall is the writer?
2. What build is she?
3. What colour eyes has she got?
4. What is her hair like?
5. What does she usually wear when she is at work and at home?

6. What's happening at the moment? Write sentences, using this information.

Example: I/ do/ an English exercise I'm doing an English exercise.
1. My friends/ help / me
Unit 5: Appearances

2. I/ wear/ jeans
........................................................................................................
3. The teacher/ watch/ me
........................................................................................................
4. It/ rain
........................................................................................................
5. The sun/ shine
........................................................................................................
6. I/ work / at home
........................................................................................................
7. The people in the next room/ have/ a party
........................................................................................................
8. I/ listen/ to the radio
........................................................................................................

7. Complete the sentences with do/ does/ have/ has or got.

1. A: ............ you got any information about it?
   B: Yes, I............

2. A: ............ your house have a garden?
   B: Yes, it ............

3. A: Has Brian ............ a new car?
   B: Yes, he ............

4. A: ............ you have any ideas?
   B: Yes, I ............

5. A: Have you ............ my pen?
   B: Yes, I ............

6. A: Do they ............ a fax machine here?
   B: Yes, they ............
8. Write the correct prepositions: in, on, at, or no preposition (x).

1. ………… 1997
2. ………… Wednesday
3. ………… seven o'clock
4. ………… night
5. ………… the evening
6. ………… Monday afternoon
7. ………… tomorrow evening
8. ………… 8.15
9. ………… January
10. ………… 1815
11. ………… midnight
12. ………… yesterday
13. ………… my birthday
14. ………… September 1984

9. Match the opposites.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>tall</th>
<th>dark</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>attractive</td>
<td>slow</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>light</td>
<td>short</td>
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<td>slim</td>
<td>fat</td>
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<td>ugly</td>
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<td>thin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>thick</td>
<td>poor</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Unit 5: Appearances

10. Put the words in the right order.

1. television I'm watching not
   I'm not watching television.

2. do should think what I you do
   .................................................................?

3. afternoon tennis she's this with playing John
   .................................................................?

4. dog you a have got
   .................................................................?

5. the don't to they to cinema want go
   .................................................................?

6. there computer office is the a in
   .................................................................?

7. in students house do this any live
   .................................................................?

11. Complete the sentences.

   a. man/ long face/ pointed nose. He/ small moustache/ short black hair. His eyes/ small. He/ a scar his left cheek.

   .................................................................

   .................................................................

   b. woman/ round face/ high cheek bones/ rather flat nose. She/ wavy dark hair/ fair complexion. Her eyes/ large. She/ attractive person.

   .................................................................

   .................................................................

   c. He/ tall/ slim. He/ short straight and fair hair.

   .................................................................

   .................................................................

   d. She/ short / thin. She/ short, curly brown hair.

   .................................................................
12. Make sentences using have or have got.

Example: Have you got a computer?
Yes, I have.
Do you have a computer?
Yes, I do.
I haven't got a bike./ I don't have a bike.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>a computer</th>
<th>a boyfriend/girlfriend</th>
<th>a swimming-pool</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a bike</td>
<td>a mobile phone</td>
<td>a flat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a pet</td>
<td>an interesting job</td>
<td>any children</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a car</td>
<td>any brothers or sisters</td>
<td>a fax machine</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

13. Complete the sentences:

Example: What colour/ her skirt → What colour is her skirt?

It / purple → It is purple.

1. What colour / your dress? .................................................................

It / pink .................................................................................................

2. What colour / his tie? .................................................................

It/ grey .................................................................................................

3. What colour / his T-shirt? .............................................................

It / orange ...........................................................................................

4. What colour / her jacket? .................................................................

It / black ..............................................................................................

5. What colour/ your sweater? .............................................................

It / white ..............................................................................................

6. What colour/ her hat? .................................................................

It / green ..............................................................................................

7. What colour / her jeans? .................................................................

They / blue ...........................................................................................
8. What colour / his shoes?  .............................................................................
    They / brown ...................................................................................
9. What colour / your trousers?  .............................................................................
    They / light grey .....................................................................................
10. What colour / your stockings?  .............................................................................
    They / orange . ....................................................................................... 

14. Make questions.
   Example: How many people are there in your family?
   1. How many ...............................................................?
   2. How many ................... have you got?
   3. Has your .................... got any ..............?
   4. How many ................... has your ................ got?
   5. Do you look like ...............?
   6. Who do you look like?
   7. Does ............... look like ...............?
   8. What coloure is/ are your ................?
   9. How old is .......................?
  10. Is ................... good - looking?

15. Read the passage and answer the question.

   The first thing everyone notices about him is his height. He is tall, almost two metres. He is as thin as a rake. He looks as if he has not eaten for months and yet he is always eating. He never bothers much about his appearance, except for his hair. I joke about his looking when he gets out of bed in the morning. His short, brown hair is all spiky and sticking out. He spends hours trying to comb it flat but with no success.

   He is patient and kind. He always helps me with my maths, even if it means giving up a night out with his friends. He is also calm. I've never seen him get angry once.
Question
Do you think the writer is describing a friend, his father or his brother?

16. Read the passage and answer the questions.

We all like to think we are different from other people: But many of us spend a lot of time and money making sure we look the same. We want to wear clothes that are in fashion, we want to look "right". But who decides what is "right"? What is "in fashion"? Very often a film star, a TV or pop star wears something and starts a fashion. Also clothes manufacturers - the people who make clothes - decide what clothes they want people to wear next year, then make and sell millions of them to the shops. People think they have a choice, but in fact the big stars and the manufacturers choose for them.

Questions
1. What do we all like to think?

2. What kinds of clothes do we want to wear?

3. Who often start fashions?

4. Who make clothes?
UNIT 6. WANTING THINGS

1. Put the words in right order to make questions. Then answer them about yourself.

Example: Parents where were your born?

Where were your parents born?

My mother was born in Scotland and my father was born in Durham.

1. moment what you at are the wearing?

2. living you started were where when you school?

3. go where holiday do you on?

4. play any the at sports weekend you do?

5. up time morning what did get this you?

6. pyramids Egypt ever to been the have see you?

7. mother look your you like do?

2. Complete the sentences with the correct auxiliary in the positive or negative.

Examples: Anna, likes ice - cream, but John doesn't

I don't like ice-cream, but he does

1. I've been to Australia, but Anna.................................

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2. Maria isn't studying hard, but I ......................................................
3. John loves flying, but we ..............................................................
4. I watched TV last night, but my sister ........................................
5. Bill hasn't finished his work, but we..............................................
6. We don't want to leave early, but they ........................................
7. They didn't remember my birthday, but you ..............................
8. Your English is really improving, but mine .................................

3. Which words and expressions go with make? Which go with do? Write them in the correct column.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Make</th>
<th>Do</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>the shopping</td>
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<td>a mistake</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
4. Answer the questions about yourself.

1. What do you like doing most in your English class?

2. Do you like working alone or with a partner?

3. Would you like to have more or less homework after class?

4. What's your classroom like?

5. What are your classmates like?

6. Would you like to speak more or write more in class?

5. Match a line in A with a line in B

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. I only like white chocolate.</td>
<td>I'd love one. I'm thirsty.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Would you like a lift?</td>
<td>I hate him</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Would you like some more cake?</td>
<td>I'd love to. That's very kind.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Would you like a cold drink?</td>
<td>I'd love some. It's delicious.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>e. Don't you like your boss?</td>
<td>I don't. I can't stand it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>f. I don't like cabbage.</td>
<td>Nor would I.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>g. I wouldn't like to work for her!</td>
<td>Nothing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>h. Would you like to come to dinner</td>
<td>Really? I love it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i. What do you like doing at the weekends?</td>
<td>It's OK. I'll get the bus.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6. Write the opposite

Examples: An old house a new house
          An old man a young man
Unit 6: Wanting things

1. a single person ............................................................................
a single ticket ..............................................................................
2. a strong man................................................................................
strong beer ..................................................................................
3. a rich person................................................................................
rich food....................................................................................
4. a sweet apple...............................................................................sweet wine ..............................................................................
5. a hot curry...................................................................................
a hot drink...................................................................................
6. dark hair....................................................................................
a dark room..................................................................................

7. Fill each gap with a preposition from the box.
   for     at      about       with       to       of       from

1. What are you so excited................... "We're going on holiday tomorrow".
2. "I'm very angry .......................you". "Why? What have I done?"
3. Are you any good ............... maths? I'm hopeless.
4. Jenny's getting married ............. Harry. Did you know?
5. We keep a light on at night because I'm afraid ............... the dark.
6. My sister's very different .............. me. I'm blond but she's brunette.
7. I'm tired ..................... working. I want a holiday.
8. I feel very sorry .....................Kathy. Five kids and a foul husband. What sort of life is that?
9. Are you interested ............ travel programmes?
10. Teenagers are often rude ............ their parents.
11. I'm very proud ...............my children. I think they're wonderful.
12. Do you know that chewing gum is good ...............your teeth? Well, it is.
13. Everyone likes Bill. He's good-looking, witty and charming and I'm very jealous………him!
14. "I told her I thought she was stupid". "That wasn't very kind……….you".
15. I haven't heard from Len for ages. I'm a bit worried……….him.
16. My homework was full……………mistakes.
17. Italy is famous…………its antiquities and its ice-cream.
18. "The train leaves at 10.00". "Are you sure…………that".
19. When you leave home you're responsible……….everything!
20. I'm fed up…………this weather! Where's the sunshine gone?

8. Make questions from the statements. Asking about the words in Italic.

Example: I'm looking at that man Who are you looking at?
1. I'm waiting for the postman.

2. He works for Barclays Bank

3. I'm thinking about what to cook for supper

4. I'm staying with some friends.

5. The pen belongs to me.

6. The letter is from the Tax Office.

7. He died of a heart attack.

8. I'm worried about the exams.
9. I'm staring at the dirty mark on the end of your nose.

10. I'm writing to my aunt in Australia.

9. Fill in the blanks with the given words, one word for each blank:

(fishing/ single/ join/ join in/off/ watching/spend/ movies/things house/ late/in)

I only have Sunday (1)………… so I have very little free time. Sunday is a wonderful day for me to (2)…………with my friends and my family. One of the (3)………… I enjoy doing on Sunday morning is to go (4)………… with my friends. Although I'm not successful (5)…………catching fish, it's a time to relax and talk about the previous week's events and future plan. I usually go home (6)…………in the afternoon. My family sometimes (7)………… other relatives on Sunday evening at a karaoke restaurant and we all have a good time together. It is especially fun (8)…………my father gets up to sing. Please don't tell him I said this, he is a very bad (9)………… Once in a while I go to the (10)…………with my friends or my brother. Sometimes, I just stay at home, listening to music, watching videos or reading.

10. Write the correct form of the words in the brackets to finish the sentences.

1. Mai is wearing a ............  hat to day. (color)
2. It's .................to drive fast. (danger)
3. There are four ................. of oranges in this box. (kilo)
4. Would you like me ................. the garden, Dad. (water)
5. Mum doesn't want me ................. up late (stay)
6. I'm tired of ................. at home all day. (stay)
7. What's there ................. ? - Only a packet of biscuits (eat)
8. Our garden looks ................. in the spring. (beauty)

11. Complete the sentences

1. Fred / hot/ he/ the swimming pool.

........................................................................................................
2. Lucy / hot/ she/ a cool drink.

3. Fred / dirty/ he / a bath.

4. Lucy / dirty/ she/ a shower.

5. Fred / happy / he/ shopping.

6. Lucy / happy/ she / telephone all her friends.

7. Fred / unhappy / he / go to bed.

8. Lucy / unhappy/ she / shopping.

9. Fred / ill / he / the doctor.

10. Lucy / ill/ she/ go to bed.

12. **You are at a clothes shop. Make questions.**

   Go into a clothes shop and ask the price of the blue sweater in the shop window. Ask to try it or it is too big. Try another one. It's OK. Ask if they have any other colours. Choose a colour and buy the sweater.

13. **Choose a suitable preposition**

    A. Vicky: I felt really afraid when I was walking home from the club. All the time I could hear someone (1) (behind / in front of) me, but I didn't dare turn round.

    (1)...........................................................................

    Rachel: I think you were imagining it.
Vicky: No, I wasn't. I saw him after I had come in (2) (across / through) the gate. He was wearing a long black coat that came down well (3) (below / under) his knees.

(2) ………………………………………………………………………
(3) ………………………………………………………………………

B. Daninel: You know Adam, don't you? He's very strange. He walked right (1) (along / past) me yesterday as I was coming (2) (among / down) the stairs, but he didn't say hello.

(1) ………………………………………………………………………
(2) ………………………………………………………………………

Matthew: The other day he was sitting (3) (beside / opposite) me at lunch, so I couldn't help looking at him. I said hello, but he didn't speak.

(3) ………………………………………………………………………

14.A. Complete the sentences using "can" or "can't" and one of these verbs: come, find, hear, see, speak.

1. I'm sorry, but we (1)...........to your party next Saturday.
2. She gets the job because she (2)............three language.
3. Speak louder please. I (3)..............you.
4. Where is my handbag? I (4)..............it.
5. I like this hotel room. You(5)...........the mountain from the window.

B. Use short answer:

1. Can you stand on your head? No, ..............................................
2. Can you walk on your hands? Yes, ............................................
3. Can Mary play the piano? Yes, ................................................
4. Can they windsurf? No, ........................................................
5. Can your sister dance? Yes, ........................................................
15. These people to spend their coming summer vacation in Vietnam. Help them find a suitable place.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nha Trang</th>
<th>Da Lat</th>
<th>Sa Pa</th>
<th>Ha Long Bay</th>
<th>Nha Rong Harbor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Andrew studies tribes around the world. He likes mountain-climbing.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Mary loves Vietnam and she wants to travel by train to see as much of the country as possible. She also wants to visit an oceanic institute in Viet Nam.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. John is interested in the history of Viet Nam. He wants to visit the place where President Ho Chi Minh left Viet Nam in 1911.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Joanne likes swimming and sunbathing. She has been to Viet Nam twice and she has visited Nha Trang already.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Donna is a florist. She has a flower shop in Los Angeles. She is thinking of importing flowers from Viet Nam.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

16. Match the 2 columns to make right sentences.

A. **Beginnings**
   - I'd like to look
   - Would you like
   - Can I
   - I'd like 500

B. **Ends**
   - us, please?
   - grams of blue cheese.
   - colour.
   - try it on?
I like this at some watches.
I'll take to try it on?
Have you got anything them.
Can you help a red one.
I'd like in blue.

B. Beginnings

When do you want accommodation?
I'd like a hotel by train
Do you need the flights?
Whereabouts to travel?
How many people to go?
We'd like to go about two weeks there.
Is it to go for?
How would you like In Australia?
Wed' like to book near the centre.
How long do you want for two people?
How long is is it for?
We want to spend a trip to Italy.

Ends

17. Read and answer the questions.

Assistant : Can I help you?
Customer : Yes, how much is this black jacket?
Assistant : It's £ 63.20
Customer : Have you got it in a medium size?
Assistant : Yes, here you are. Medium.
Customer : Thank you. Where can I try it on?
Assistant : The changing rooms are over there, next to the jeans.
Customer : Thank you.

Later

Assistant : How is it?

Customer : It's fine, thanks. I'll take it.

Assistant : Do you want anything else?

Customer : Yes, can I have this tie?

Assistant : That's £68.70 then, please.

Customer : Do you take credit card?

Assistant : Certainly. Could you sign here, please? There you are. That's your copy.

Customer : Thank you. Good bye.

Assistant : Good bye.

Answer the questions:
1. What does he buy?

2. What size does he ask for?

3. How much does each thing cost?

4. How does he pay?
UNIT 7. PEOPLE’S PASTS

1. Rewrite the sentences, putting the verbs into the past simple.
   
   Example: Sally's at the sports club this morning.
   
   Sally was at the sports club yesterday morning.
   
   1. We're on holiday this week.
      ........................................................... last week.
   
   2. John and Mary are at a party tonight.
      ........................................................... last night.
   
   3. The weather isn't very nice today.
      ........................................................... last Monday.
   
   4. I'm not ill today.
      ........................................................... yesterday.
   
   5. You're late this morning.
      ........................................................... yesterday morning.
   
   6. They aren't here.
      ........................................................... this morning.
   
      ........................................................... last week.

2. Make questions by arranging these words in the right order.

   Example.:  Yesterday/where/you/were.
   
   Where were you yesterday?
   
   1. at / meeting / Kate / the / was
      ........................................................... ?
   
   2. Carol's / when / party / was
      ........................................................... ?
3. last / were / where / Tuesday / we
.................................................................................................................?

4. Mr and Mrs Smith / were / holiday / last / on / week.
.................................................................................................................?

5. I / away / was / Friday / last.
.................................................................................................................?

3. Write these verbs in the correct column and give the past form.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>hear</th>
<th>touch</th>
<th>can</th>
<th>come</th>
<th>stop</th>
<th>live</th>
<th>go</th>
<th>do</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>meet</td>
<td>drive</td>
<td>listen</td>
<td>decide</td>
<td>have</td>
<td>pay</td>
<td>see</td>
<td>hurry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ask</td>
<td>need</td>
<td>move</td>
<td>break</td>
<td>write</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regular</th>
<th>Irregular</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Infinitive</strong></td>
<td><strong>Past</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>touch</td>
<td>touched</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Circle the verbs that have the past tense ending pronounced / id/

lifted  waited  stopped
needed  robbed  started
helped  dropped  talked
decided  wanted  expected

5. Complete the sentences with “ago”.

1. They've lived here for six years now.
   They moved here six years ago.

   My grandfather died .........................
3. It's 2.30. The plane took off at 2.20.
   The plane left.................................

4. She's 87 years old now.
   She was born.................................

5. It's three o'clock. The meeting started at 11.00.
   The meeting started..............................

6. Complete the story with the past simple of the verbs in brackets.

   Runaway

   Last Tuesday Peter Kerry, 14, had (1-have) an argument with his father, when Peter .............. (2-drop) a tin of spaghetti. Later, when the rest of the family .............. (3-go) to a football match, Peter .............. (4-decide) to run away. He .............. (5-steal) his father's passport and credit cards. Then he .............. (6-catch) the train to Heathrow airport and .............. (7-book) a flight to Malaysia. The ticket .............. (8-cost) £499. When Peter's family .............. (9-come) home, Peter .............. (10-be) already on his way to Kuala Lumpur. Passport officials in London and Kuala Lumpur, .............. (11-not stop) him and he .............. (12-enter) Malaysia with no problems. From Kuala Lumpur he .............. (13-travel) on to Johor Baharu. He .............. (14-try) to check in to a hotel, but the receptionist .............. (15-refuse) to accept his credit card. He .............. (16-call) his parents and .............. (17-tell) them that he .............. (18-be) in Malaysia. Then he .............. (19-leave) Johor Baharu and .............. (20-get) a lift to Kota Baharu. Here Malaysian police finally .............. (21-find) him. They .............. (22-take) him back to Kuala Lumpur and .............. (23-put) him on a plane to London. His parents .............. (24-feel) very happy, but they .............. (25-be) worried about future. This isn't the first time, .............. (26-say) his father. Last year he .............. (27-run) away to Paris.

7. Read the passage in Exercise 6 again, then correct these sentences about Peter.

   Example : Peter left home last Friday.

   Peter didn't leave home last Friday. He left last Tuesday.

   1. He used his own passport.

   ............................................................................................................................
2. He took a taxi to the airport.

3. He went to Manchester airport.

4. He caught a flight to Singapore.

5. He paid £600 for the ticket.

6. The police found him in Johor Baharu.

8. Here is a part of an interview with Peter. Complete the questions.

Interviewer: Why did you have an argument with your father?
Peter: I dropped a tin of spaghetti.

Interviewer: Where ........................................... ?
Peter: They went to a football match.

Interviewer: How ........................................... for the ticket?
Peter: I used my father's credit card.

Interviewer: ......................................... in Kuala Lumpur?
Peter: No, I didn't. I went to Johor Baharu.

Interviewer: What .......................................... there?
Peter: I tried to check into a hotel, but the receptionist refused to accept my credit card.

Interviewer: .................................................... your parents?
Peter: Yes, I phoned them from Johor Baharu.

Interviewer: Where ........................................... ?
Peter: In Kota Baharu.

9. Write the past form.

get   leave    buy    put

eat   see    know    tell
pay  go  stand  lose  
made  hear  take  think  
give  find  do  speak

10. Read and tick (√) "Yes" or "No"

Last week was awful. On Tuesday Paulette telephoned. She didn't want to go out with me again. On Wednesday I got the letter from the bank manager and on Friday the exam results came out. One disaster after another. What am I going to do? Well, I'm not going to worry about Paulette. I'm going to forget her completely. But the money is a problem. In think I'm going to write to uncle Frank. Last time, he helped. And most important of all, What am I going to do about the exam results. A lot of hard work. I'm afraid.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Last week was a bad week for Andy.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Andy talked to Paulette on the telephone.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. The bank manager wrote a letter to Andy.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Andy has a lot of money in the bank.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Andy hopes his uncle Frank is going to help him.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Andy got his exam results on Friday.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Andy's exam results were very good.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. Andy is going to work very hard.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

11. Complete the passages using words in the passage A

A. A Zulu speaks:

I was born in a brick house in Soweto, near Johannesburg in South Africa. We were poor. My mother was a maid and my father was a factory worker. He died when I was six. I was always hungry, and nearly always unhappy when I was a small child. Life was very hard. White people were terrible to us.

B. A Maori speaks:

I (1)................born in a wooden house in a village near Rotorua in New Zealand. We (2) .............. not poor, but we (3) .............. not rich. My mother and father (4) .............. farmers. I (5) .............. never hungry when I (6)
a small child; I (7) quite happy, really. Life (8) not hard, but white people (9) not always kind to me.

C. A Dakota Indian speaks:

(1) in a cloth tipi near Sisseton, South Dakota. (2) United States. (3) poor. (4) farmers. (5) sometimes hungry (6) small child, but (7) happy. My mother (8) good cook, and my father (9) good teacher, (10) hard; and white people (11) not usually (12) us.

12. Use the past form: positive, negative, question).

Example: I played (play) tennis yesterday, but I didn’t win. (not, win)
1. We (wait) a long time for the bus, but it (not/ arrive).
2. That’s a nice shirt. Where (you/ buy) it?
3. She (see) me but she (not/ speak) to me.
4. (it/ rain) yesterday? No, it was a nice day.
5. That was a stupid thing to do. Why (you/ do) it?

13. Reading the story and answer the questions:

Frank wanted a job, so last week he bought a newspaper and looked at the advertisements. He saw this one.

Wanted, management trainee
For big store. Ring 553.4443

He phoned the number in the advertisement and spoke to the Personnel Manager, Mr Allen. Mr Allen asked Frank to visit him at 3 o’clock that afternoon.

Frank wore his blue suit for the interview. He looked very smart. Mr Allen asked Frank a lot of questions. Then he said: “All right Frank, you can start on Monday”.

Answer the questions:
1. What did Frank want?

..................................................
2. What did he buy?

3. What did he look at?

4. What did he see?

5. Which number did he phone?

6. Who did he speak to?

7. What did Mr Allen ask Frank to do?

8. What did Frank wear for the interview?

9. Did he look smart?

10. How many questions did Mr Allen ask Frank?

14. Read and answer the questions

I have a cheap plastic camera. On a sunny day I can take good pictures with it. But I can’t take good picture in bad weather and I can’t take picture of moving objects, like a horse or a racing car. The pictures I take indoors with flash aren’t very clear.

My brother has a Pentax. His camera is more expensive than mine. It’s heavier and it is more complicated. My brother has three lenses for this camera and his photographs are better than mine. He can take good pictures in bad weather, and some of his indoor pictures, taken with flash, are marvelous.
Questions
1. Is the writer’s camera expensive?

2. Which camera is heavier and more complicated?

3. How many lenses do you think the writer’s camera has?

4. How many lenses does his brother use?

5. When can the writer take good pictures?

6. Can his brother take photographs in bad weather?

7. Which camera takes clearer pictures with flash?

15. Make the questions using the following suggestions:

When you were a small child,

- was
- were

- you
- your parents life
- you and your family
- your mother
- your father
- your school
- other people

- happy / ever hungry?
- hard?
- poor?
- rich?
- at home from 9 to 5?
- out a lot?
- good?
- kind to you
### 16. Complete the table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Adjective</th>
<th>Comparative</th>
<th>Superlative</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>great</td>
<td>greater</td>
<td>the greatest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>heavy</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>bad</td>
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<tr>
<td>reliable</td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>far</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>free</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 17. Write sentences.

*Example:* Germany/ rich/ country/ European Union
Germany is the richest country in the European Union.

1. The Nile/ long/ river/ world.

2. Maria/ good/ student/ our class.

3. My parents/ wonderful/ people/ world.


5. Tim/ young/ person/ the Carlton family.

6. Alaska/ big/ state/ the USA.

7. Brazil/ successful/ football team/ world.

8. Jupiter/ large/ planet/ the solar system.
UNIT 8: PRESENT OR PRESENT CONTINUOUS

1. Fill in the verbs in brackets in their correct forms into the gaps.

   Example: We ……….. (to go) to the cinema now.
   
   We are going to the cinema now

1. John and Mandy …………………..the kitchen. (to clean)
2. I …………………..a book at the moment. (to read)
3. It …………………..now. (to rain)
4. We …………………..a new song. (to sing)
5. The children …………………..TV. (to watch)
6. My pets …………………..now. (to sleep)
7. Aunt Helen …………………..the ducks. (to feed)
8. Our friends …………………..their rucksacks. (to pack)

2. Finish the sentences like in the example. Use the long form of the auxiliary.

   Example: Jane …………….. (to read a book)
   
   Jane is reading a book.

1. Andrew …………….. (to make muffins)
2. You …………….. (to cut the grass)
3. Simon …………….. (to write a letter)
4. We …………….. (to swap things)
5. Kathy …………….. (to dance with Bob)
6. Jack and Colin …………….. (to save money for a book)
7. I …………….. (to run home)
8. My mother …………….. (to take a shower)
9. Dave …………….. (to swim in the lake)
10. The teacher …………….. (to ride the bike)
3. Finish the sentences like in the example. Use the short form of the auxiliary.

*Example:* Jane ....................... (to read a book)

Jane's reading a book.

1. Jane ....................... (to watch a film)
2. We ....................... (to buy a new house)
3. They ....................... (to play chess)
4. Peter ....................... (to feed his dog)
5. Mary ....................... (to wash her hair)
6. They ....................... (to help their father)
7. You ....................... (to learn the poem)
8. Peggy ....................... (to draw a picture)
9. They ....................... (to sing a song)
10. I ....................... (to talk to John)


*Example:* ................. often do you play football?

How often do you play football?

1. ................. do you like best?
2. ................. does Bill get up in the morning?
3. ................. don't you go by bus, Max?
4. ................. hobbies does Andrew like?
5. ................. do they go to every week?
6. ................. old are you Mike?
7. ................. is Susan's birthday?
8. ................. are my exercise books?
9. ................. are you doing at the moment, Sally?
10. ................. do the Robinsons live?
5. Form a question. Ask for the underlined phrase in the sentence. Mind the question mark at the end.

Example: The class plays football. .................
The class plays football. What does the class play?
1. Kim and Tina are playing ball in the garden. ................
2. The Johnsons have been living in Montreal for ten years. ................
3. Anne likes her new job very much. ................
4. The Barnes are planning a trip to Norway. ................
5. The shop will be closed until next month. ................
6. Beverly usually gets up at 6.30 am. ................
7. He can't meet Sharon because she is very ill. ................
8. Every evening Steven listens to his new CDs. ............... 

6. Which or what?
1. ........ is the airline you normally fly with?
2. ........ do you prefer: the white or the blue one?
3. ........ would you like for your birthday?
4. ........ flavour do you prefer? There's vanilla and strawberry.
5. ........ are your delivery terms?
6. ........ is better: credit or cash?
7. ........ is your favourite car?

7. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

Example: I am listening (listen) to you.
1. The train to Glasgow ..................... (leave) from platform 8.
2. I ..................... (begin) to understand the Present Continuous now.
3. Sue ..................... (work) tonight.
4. Listen! The telephone ..................... (ring).
5. Ms. Johnson ..................... (see) a customer at 3 o'clock.
8. Building the sentence

1. in living very flat. a nice We're
   
2. is its The to company image. improve working hard
   
3. book reading China. interesting a about very I'm
   
4. having a Barrons are party on The Saturday.
   
5. Our playing team today. badly are
   
6. set. his is My with new son train playing
   
7. mobile. on to her Sheila's talking someone
   
8. Bob tomorrow 12 morning. I'm meeting at
   
9. Rome next flying Margot week. to is
   
10. me. hoping meet I am you that will

9. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb in brackets.
   Example: We aren't watching the television.
   1. My Dad .................... (not have) his lunch now.
   2. The kids .................... (not study) tomorrow.
   3. It ...................... (not rain) today.
   4. I ...................... (not study) German.
   5. We ..................... (not go) to Egypt on summer holiday.
10. Building the sentence
   1. English homework. her doing Anita isn't
      ........................................................
   2. having We Test the aren't Progress today!
      ........................................................
   3. Petersons for aren't coming dinner. the Unfortunately,
      ........................................................
   4. The photocopier isn't working.
      ........................................................
   5. aren't sister and her together. a renting Lisa flat
      ........................................................
   6. next aren't We working Saturday.
      ........................................................
   7. aren't going weekends. and Clive anywhere at I
      ........................................................
   8. ringing. The isn't phone
      ........................................................
   9. right doing I'm now. not anything
      ........................................................
  10. is games. playing computer Nobody
      ........................................................

11. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb in brackets.
   Example: Are you listening (you listen) to me?
   1. .................... (it start) to rain?
   2. .................... (Sue study) to become a doctor?
   3. .................... (you take) your daughter with you?
   4. .................... (the dog play) with the kids?
   5. .................... (they come) tonight?
12. Building the sentence

1. Is with tomorrow? tennis Pamela you playing
   ........................................................

2. tonight? doing anything you Are
   ........................................................

3. bigger into London? office they in Are moving a
   ........................................................

4. Wednesday? on Is presentations Sean doing his
   ........................................................

5. anyone after Is staying else classes?
   ........................................................

6. going already? Are they home
   ........................................................

7. back? Isn't your wife coming
   ........................................................

8. you joking? Are
   ........................................................

9. kids in the part play? taking Are your
   ........................................................

10. TV? anyone watching Is
    ........................................................

13. Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

1. What company ....................... (you work) for?

2. What class ......................... (they study) in?

3. Who ......................... (John shake) hands with?

4. What time ......................... (your friends come)?

5. What country ......................... (they visit) at the moment?
14. Building the sentence

1. coming? time What friends your are
   .......................... ........................................

2. visiting you vocation? are on What country
   .......................... ........................................

3. you Who are to? speaking
   .......................... ........................................

4. you are tonight? Where staying
   .......................... ........................................

5. What hell doing? are you the
   .......................... ........................................

6. arriving is Moscow? When train your in
   .......................... ........................................

7. dancing wife my with? Who's
   .......................... ........................................

8. they What buying? are car
   .......................... ........................................

9. How are many people coming?
   .......................... ........................................

10. you are drinking? What
    .......................... ........................................

15. Put the verb in brackets in the correct form to make different form of the Present Continuous Tense.


2. What ....................... (you do) tonight?

3. Jack and Peter ....................... (work) late today.

4. Silvia ....................... (not listen) to music.

5. Maria ....................... (sit) next to Paul.
6. How many other students ………………….. (you study) with?
7. The phone ………………….. (not ring).

16. Building the sentence
1 my looking for I'm glasses.
………………………………………………
2 What book you reading? are kind of
………………………………………………
3 is Why Pamela crying?
………………………………………………
4 Paul studying University. National economics is Kharkov at
………………………………………………
5 is everyone laughing? Why
………………………………………………
6 waiting for me? Are you
………………………………………………
7 When leaving? you are
………………………………………………
8 working is the moment. Saudi in at Arabia John
………………………………………………
9 Jennifer same working you? Is the as for company
………………………………………………
10 - want a next to come? do I'm having party you Saturday
………………………………………………
UNIT 9: ORDERING AND ASKING

1. Fill in the verbs in brackets into the gaps. Use the simple past. Put in the auxiliary in its short form (didn't).

   Example: Tom ………………… football. (not/to play)
   Tom didn't play football.

1. Jane …………………..a film. (not/to watch)
2. He …………………..a box. (not/to carry)
3. They ………………….. their father. (not/to help)
4. John and Amy …………………..things. (not/to swap)
5. I …………………..to Andrew. (not/to talk)
6. Susan …………………..with Peter. (not/to dance)
7. The boys …………………..basketball. (not/to try)
8. We …………………..a trip. (not/to plan)
9. She …………………..her hair. (not/to wash)
10. The car …………………..at the traffic lights. (not/to stop)

2. Fill in the verbs in the simple past into the gaps.

   Example: We …………….. the car yesterday. (not/to clean)
   We did not clean the car yesterday.

1. The children ………………….. at home last weekend. (not/to be)
2. I …………………..my Maths homework yesterday. (not/to do)
3. …………………..Susan ……………….. to England by plane? (to go)
4. Jenny and Peggy ………………….. their brother. (not/to help)
5. When ………………….. you in London? (to be)
6. …………………..you ……………….. your mother yesterday? (to phone)
7. I ............. Physics when I ............. at school. (not/to like) (to be)

8. Mandy .................... her room. (not/to tidy up)

3. Filling the gap

In the early 1980's, Ellis (1).......... the potential for home computers. Using standard components, he (2).......... together his first computer, the YX30, and (3).......... to market it in 1983. At first, he (4).......... it through specialist electronic magazines. Then he (5).......... advertisements in the 'quality' Sunday newspapers. It (6).......... an immediate success.

Later that year he (7).......... the more powerful YX40. This (8).......... colour graphics and (9).......... £10 less than the YX30. However, there (10).......... production problems. Many people (11).......... their YX40 and (12).......... for their money back. In 1985, Ellis (13).......... bankrupt and Hamster (14).......... the rights to the YX30.

1. a. met    b. returned   c. saw   d. included
2. a. sold    b. made   c. had   d. put
3. a. started   b. finished  c. waited  d. understood
4. a. rejected   b. sold   c. photocopied  d. took over
5. a. suggested   b. was  c. went  d. placed
6. a. was   b. went  c. started out  d. finished
7. a. stood in front of   b. went  c. cost  d. brought out
8. a. showed   b. had  c. wanted  d. spoke
9. a. priced   b. cost  c. lifted  d. asked
10. a. had   b. wanted  c. needed  d. were
11. a. returned   b. stood on  c. slept with  d. wanted
12. a. said   b. demanded  c. wanted  d. asked
13. a. asked for   b. stood  c. came  d. went
14. a. bought   b. brought  c. sold  d. went
4. Complete the following table and practise your main tenses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Verb</th>
<th>simple past</th>
<th>past participle</th>
<th>translation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>to arise</td>
<td>lay</td>
<td>laid</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>to shine</td>
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<td>to slide</td>
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<td>to burn</td>
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<td>sworn</td>
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<td>to wake</td>
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<td></td>
<td>led</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5. Match the question to the answer.

1. What time did the meeting finish?
   a. Only ten minutes. He was in a hurry.
   b. About ten minutes ago. It was dreadful, endless arguments.
   c. He didn't say exactly but he said it would be late afternoon.
   d. I'm sorry. I didn't realise that it was confidential.

2. Where did you stay the last time you were in London?
   a. Only ten minutes. He was in a hurry.
   b. At the Novotel. It was excellent value for London.
   c. At least fifteen minutes.
   d. Tuesday, I think.

3. Who asked a 'Bill Smith' to call them back?
   a. I'm sorry. I didn't realise that it was confidential.
   b. I did. Can you put him though on my phone?
   c. At least fifteen minutes.
   d. He didn't say exactly but he said it would be late afternoon.
4. Why didn't you tell me that Harry had called?
   a. Only ten minutes. He was in a hurry.
   b. Sorry. it completely slipped my mind.
   c. He didn't say exactly but he said it would be late afternoon.
   d. I'm sorry. I didn't realise that it was confidential.

5. Where did we buy that last computer?
   a. Only ten minutes. He was in a hurry.
   b. Some small independent shop, I think.
   c. At least fifteen minutes.
   d. Tuesday, I think.

6. Which day did he say he was coming?
   a. I'm sorry. I didn't realise that it was confidential.
   b. At least fifteen minutes.
   c. About ten minutes ago. It was dreadful, endless arguments.
   d. Tuesday, I think.

7. What time did he say he was coming.
   a. I did. Can you put him through on my phone?
   b. Only ten minutes. He was in a hurry.
   c. He didn't say exactly but he said it would be late afternoon.
   d. At least fifteen minutes.

8. Why did you tell him that?
   a. I'm sorry. I didn't realise that it was confidential.
   b. Only ten minutes. He was in a hurry.
   c. About ten minutes ago. It was dreadful, endless arguments.
   d. At least fifteen minutes.

9. How long did he stay?
   a. I did. Can you put him through on my phone?
   b. Only ten minutes. He was in a hurry.
Unit 9: Ordering and Asking

c. Sorry. It completely slipped my mind.
d. Some small independent shop, I think.

10. How long ago did she arrive?
a. I'm sorry. I didn't realise that it was confidential.
b. I did. Can you put him through on my phone?
c. Tuesday, I think.
d. At least fifteen minutes.

6. Fill in the verbs in brackets into the gaps. Use the simple past. Put in the auxiliary in its short form (didn't).

Example: Tom .................... football. (not/to play)
Tom didn't play football.

1. Jane ..................... a film. (not/to watch)
2. He ....................... a box. (not/to carry)
3. They ..................... their father. (not/to help)
4. John and Amy .................. things. (not/to swap)
5. I ....................... to Andrew. (not/to talk)
6. Susan ..................... with Peter. (not/to dance)
7. The boys ..................... basketball. (not/to try)
8. We ......................... a trip. (not/to plan)
9. She ....................... her hair. (not/to wash)
10. The car ..................... at the traffic lights. (not/to stop)

7. What does the -ed sound like?

1. appointed
   a. /t/  like worked  b. /d/  like arranged  c. /id/  like recruited
2. decided
   a. /t/  like worked  b. /d/  like arranged  c. /id/  like recruited
3. started
   a. /t/  like worked  b. /d/  like arranged  c. /id/  like recruited
Unit 9: Ordering and Asking

4. looked up
   a. / t / like worked   b. / d / like arranged   c. / id / like recruited

5. negotiated
   a. / t / like worked   b. / d / like arranged   c. / id / like recruited

6. suggested
   a. / t / like worked   b. / d / like arranged   c. / id / like recruited

7. photocopied
   a. / t / like worked   b. / d / like arranged   c. / id / like recruited

8. called back
   a. / t / like worked   b. / d / like arranged   c. / id / like recruited

9. designed
   a. / t / like worked   b. / d / like arranged   c. / id / like recruited

10. wanted
    a. / t / like worked   b. / d / like arranged   c. / id / like recruited

11. agreed
    a. / t / like worked   b. / d / like arranged   c. / id / like recruited

12. placed
    a. / t / like worked   b. / d / like arranged   c. / id / like recruited

13. traveled
    a. / t / like worked   b. / d / like arranged   c. / id / like recruited

14. phoned
    a. / t / like worked   b. / d / like arranged   c. / id / like recruited

15. asked
    a. / t / like worked   b. / d / like arranged   c. / id / like recruited

16. returned
    a. / t / like worked   b. / d / like arranged   c. / id / like recruited

17. visited
    a. / t / like worked   b. / d / like arranged   c. / id / like recruited
18. helped
   a. / t / like worked   b. / d / like arranged   c. / id / like recruited
19. accepted
   a. / t / like worked   b. / d / like arranged   c. / id / like recruited
20. delivered
   a. / t / like worked   b. / d / like arranged   c. / id / like recruited
21. offered
   a. / t / like worked   b. / d / like arranged   c. / id / like recruited

8. Filling the gap

   The day (1)........ terribly. My alarm (2)......... and I (3)......... the house with only 1 hour to spare before the plane (4)......... due to take off. Luckily there (5)......... very little traffic and I (6)......... at the airport with 30 minutes to spare. I (7)......... in at the gate and (8)......... for a coffee. Just as I (9)......... down, the announcer (10)......... my flight. I (11)......... my coffee quickly, too quickly in fact as I (12)......... some on my shirt. I (13)......... the sign to the departure gate and (14)......... through passport control. I (15)......... down in the departure lounge. It (16)......... full of teenagers, obviously a school trip. They (17)......... a terrible noise. And then I (18)......... that terrible announcement, the one you don't want to hear. There (19)......... a problem with the engine. I (20)......... around for a place to get another coffee. I (21-1)......... a drinks machine so I (21-2)......... over to get some. I (22-1)......... in my money and (22-2)......... the button for black coffee. When I (23)......... up the cup, it (24)......... only water. At that moment, the hostess (25)......... that the plane was delayed because of bad weather.

   1. a. took care of   b. announced
c. finished   d. began

   2. a. didn't get up   b. didn't begin
c. didn't wake up   d. didn't go off

   3. a. left   b. entered
c. quitted   d. goodbyed

   4. a. didn't go   b. wished
c. became   d. was
5. a. was  
b. existed  
c. had  
d. turned over  
6. a. went  
b. terminated  
c. reached  
d. arrived  
7. a. checked  
b. stood  
c. waited  
d. stamped  
8. a. started  
b. shouted  
c. went  
d. whistled  
9. a. went  
b. sat  
c. jumped  
d. drank  
10. a. sang  
b. whistled  
c. shouted  
d. called  
11. a. spat  
b. drank  
c. sang  
d. looked for  
12. a. spilled  
b. dropped  
c. spread  
d. smiled  
13. a. looked after  
b. followed  
c. discussed  
d. ran after  
14. a. went  
b. discussed  
c. smiled  
d. went under  
15. a. hurried  
b. came  
c. went  
d. sat  
16. a. was  
b. happened  
c. suggested  
d. disappeared  
17. a. were happening  
b. were smoking  
c. were doing  
d. were making  
18. a. heard  
b. listened  
c. felt  
d. spoke
19. a. arrived  b. happened  
c. were  d. was  

20. a. saw  b. looked  
c. had  d. was  

21. a. looked over / went  b. saw / fell  
c. saw / went  d. looked over / fell  

22. a. put / pressed  b. put / pulled  
c. threw / pressed  d. threw / pulled  

23. a. took  b. pushed  
c. pulled  d. picked  

24. a. went in  b. got up  
c. filled  d. contained  

25. a. announced  b. called  
c. spoke  d. Mimed  

9. Simple Past / Past Continuous

1. A: What (you, do) .................. when the accident occurred?
   B: I (try) .................. to change a light bulb that had burnt out.

2. After I (find) .................. the wallet full of money, I (go, immediately) .................. to the police and (turn) .................. it in.

3. The doctor (say) .................. that Tom (be) .................. too sick to go to work and that he (need) .......... to stay at home for a couple of days.

4. Sebastian (arrive) .................. at Susan's house a little before 9:00 pm, but she (be, not) ........... there. She (study, at the library) ............ for her final examination in French.

5. Sandy is in the living room watching television. At this time yesterday, she (watch, also) .................. television. That's all she ever does!

6. A: I (call) .................. you last night after dinner, but you (be, not) .................. there. Where were you?
   B: I (work) .................. out at the fitness center.
7. When I (walk) .................. into the busy office, the secretary (talk) .................. on the phone with a customer, several clerks (work, busily) .................. at their desks, and two managers (discuss, quietly) .................. methods to improve customer service.

8. I (watch) .................. a mystery movie on T.V. when the electricity went out. Now I am never going to find out how the movie ends.

9. Sharon (be) .................. in the room when John told me what happened, but she didn't hear anything because she (listen, not) ..................

10. It's strange that you (call) .................. because I (think, just) .................. about you.

11. The Titanic (cross) .................. the Atlantic when it (strike) .................. an iceberg.

12. When I entered the bazaar, a couple of merchants (bargain, busily) .................. and (try) .................. to sell their goods to naive tourists who (hunt) .................. for souvenirs. Some young boys (lead) .................. their donkeys through the narrow streets on their way home. A couple of men (argue) .................. over the price of a leather belt. I (walk) .................. over to a man who (sell) .................. fruit and (buy) .................. a banana.

13. The firemen (rescue) .................. the old woman who (be) .................. trapped on the third floor of the burning building.

14. She was so annoying! She (leave, always) .................. her dirty dishes in the sink. I think she (expect, actually) .................. me to do them for her.

15. Samantha (live) .................. in Berlin for more than two years. In fact, she (live) .................. there when the Berlin wall came down.

10. Simple Past / Past Continuous

Last night, while I was doing my homework, Angela (call) .................. She said she (call) .................. me on her cell phone from her biology classroom at UCLA. I asked her if she (wait) .................. for class, but she said that the professor was at the front of the hall lecturing while she (talk) .................. to me. I couldn't believe
she (make) .................. a phone call during the lecture. I asked what was going on.

She said her biology professor was so boring that several of the students (sleep, actually) .................. in class. Some of the students (talk) .................. about their plans for the weekend and the student next to her (draw) .................. a picture of a horse. When Angela (tell) .................. me she was not satisfied with the class, I (mention) .................. that my biology professor was quite good and (suggest) .................. that she switch to my class.

While we were talking, I (hear) .................. her professor yell, "Miss, are you making a phone call?" Suddenly, the line went dead. I (hang) .................. up the phone and went to the kitchen to make dinner. As I (cut) .................. vegetables for a salad, the phone rang once again. It (be) .................. Angela, but this time she wasn't sitting in class.
UNIT 10: MORE ABOUT THE PAST

1. Choose the appropriate tense: simple present perfect or simple past

1. I (know) Carl since I (be) a little child.
   a. have known, have been
   b. have known, was
   c. knew, have been
   d. knew, was

2. ... you (see) Annemie today? I (see) her this morning but I (not see) her since.
   a. Did you see... I saw ... I didn't see...
   b. Did you see... I have seen ... I haven't seen...
   c. Have you seen ... I have seen... I didn't see ...
   d. Have you seen ... I saw ... I haven't seen ...
   e. Have you seen ... I saw ... I haven't seen ...

3. Since last year traffic (double). It (increase) from 25 cars per minute in 1997 to 50 now.
   a. doubled, increased
   b. doubled, has increased
   c. has doubled, increased
   d. has doubled, has increased
   e. is doubling, increased

4. Helen (work) so hard today that she (have) no time to play her weekly game of tennis.
   a. worked, had
   b. worked, has had
c. has worked, has had
d. has worked, had
e. had worked, had

5. We (spend) most of the time working on the project. April 1997 (be) work, no play!
   a. have spend, was
   b. have spent, was
   c. have spent, has been
   d. spent, was
   e. spent, has been

6. Gracious me, I (lose) my passport. How am I supposed to get out of the country now?
   a. lost
   b. have lost

7. The sun was shining. We quickly (check) all the locks and (drive) off.
   a. checked, have driven
   b. have checked, drove
   c. have checked, have driven
   d. have checked, have drived
   e. checked, drove

8. My late grandfather never (see) the sea.
   a. never saw
   b. has never seen

9. My uncle George never (see) the sea. I (hear) him make plans last week though.
   a. never saw, heard
   b. never saw, have heard
   c. has never seen, heard
d. has never seen, have heard
e. has never seen, have heard

10. Morse always (refuse) to be called by his first name. His best friend once (call) him 'Endeavour' though.
   a. has always refused, called
   b. has always refused, has called
   c. always refused, called
   d. always refused, has called
   e. always has refused, called

2. Reading

   An open letter from Vladkhleb to the residents of Vladivostok.

   When bread prices rose, Valkhleb, a bakery, asked the krai and city for help in holding down prices. Here is a letter it wrote, published in the Vladivostok Times Sept. 9, 1998

   Dear residents of Vladivostok:

   The staff and Board of Directors of Vladkhleb can't keep silent in the current wild situation when prices for all existing products are skyrocketing unbelievably. And while we somewhat indifferently watch enormous figures on price tags for delicacy products, every kopeck of extra charge for the staples … causes a real panic. We perfectly realize that, and that's why we have kept bread prices affordable for all this time.

   Even after the fall of prices we have tried to keep the past prices for as long as possible. At the moment all our reserves are exhausted. Stocks of bread-baking ingredients such as flour, sugar, butter and the like are running out. To buy what we need at reasonable prices is virtually impossible today.

   However, we cannot temporize. We all need bread every day, which means we will be forced to buy everything we need at much higher prices. What this means perhaps doesn't need to be explained.

   The cost of bread closely depends on ingredients. Another financial crisis has led to a 50-300-percent increase of prices for butter, vegetable oil, all types of margarine, yeast and other as of September 1. All these prices continue to grow every hour.
Because of this, Vladkhleb came to the critical point where it is necessary to raise prices of its products. Otherwise, we will just destroy a most powerful bread enterprise. Should Vladkhleb shut down, the bread price will get out of hand.

Our economists projected the situation for the near future considering the growing flour cost. With the cost of flour at 2.18 rubles per kilogram at the start of September, the retail bread price was to be 4.36 rubles. With an increase of flour cost to 4 rubles per kilogram, bread price will grow to 6.17 rubles. Further growth will be possible.

So it turns out that bread may rank with delicacy products. Is there another way out? Yes. It is already put into practice by leaders of other cities and regions. For example, Moscow Mayor Yury Luzhkov used the press in the very first days of the crisis to tell the residents that he had decided to subsidize the bread industry so that not to allow prices for this type of food to rise. There were no objections. So did Khabarovsk -- there they pay subsidies for bread-baking ingredients.

Incidentally, the city and krai administrations already have the experience of supporting our plants. Rather than artificially holding back prices, they employed loans and waivers and the like. At this point all the city and krai offices of authority as well as deputies at all levels could consider our propositions such as:

- Granting waivers on taxes to krai and city budgets;
- Establishing lower prices for electric and thermal energy for a program of bread production;
- Facilitating in reception of customs duty and tax waivers from the federal government for imported grain;
- Recovery of Pacific Fleet's debts in the amount of 6 million rubles (calculated as of August 1998) for supplied products;
- Lowering rent for premises and plots.

Any of these possible measures will help Vladkhleb contain the growth of prices for its products. Despite of our SOS signal, no measures have been taken as yet. We have found ourselves in the same situation as any of you. We see the situation changing steadily for the worse. We will not cope with that alone.
We see one recourse: Raise the bread price minimally and cancel our free plastic bag service. But what is next? This is the concern of all the 700 employees and the board of Vladkhleb.

Every extra kopeck in the cost of bread upsets you and us very much. Making our sincere apologies for a forced increase of the bread price, we hope for your understanding and support. Today and tomorrow we are with you, as usual.

The staff and board of Vladkhleb.

1. Vladkhleb is ....
   a. a farm
   b. a bakery
   c. a butchery
   d. a motor company

2. In this open letter Vladkhleb explains to the people of Vladivostok that ...
   a. they can no longer supply bread
   b. the price of bread will treble
   c. all reserves of bread-making ingredients have been depleted
   d. it will have to close down

3. A possible solution to the crisis, Vladkhleb suggests is ...
   a. to use ingredients of a lower quality
   b. to cut the workers' wages
   c. to urge people to eat less bread
   d. to have the bread price subsidized by the authorities

4. One of the things Vladkhleb asks the local authorities is ...
   a. more workers
   b. lower energy prices
   c. money to buy fresh ingredients
   d. the permission to buy flour in the US
5. From the letter it appears that the local authorities of Vladivostok
   a. ... have a tradition of helping out local industries in difficult times
   b. have a bad record of giving help when it is needed
   c. have already responded positively to recent SOS messages from Vladkhleb
   d. were the first to subsidize the bread industry a few months ago

6. "So it turns out that bread may rank with delicacy products," means
   a. ... that bread has become much tastier in recent months.
   b. that bread has become as expensive as caviar.
   c. that bread has become an article many people can no longer afford.

7. Vladkhleb has decided not to shut down because - they say –
   a. ... the organisation still has a lot of outstanding debts.
   b. otherwise the price of bread may get out of hand.
   c. otherwise the distribution of bread may end up in the hands of the mafia.

8. One of Vladkhleb's propositions to the local authorities is: "Recovery of Pacific Fleet's debts in the amount of 6 million rubles (calculated as of August 1998) for supplied products." This means ...
   a. that the army still owes the bakery a lot of money for bread delivered in the past.
   b. that Vladkhleb still owes a lot of money to the army for ingredients that it supplied in the past.
   c. that the local authorities should ask Moscow funds that would otherwise end up with the Pacific Fleet.

3. Irregular Verbs:
   1. Go
      a. goed     gone
      b. gone     gone
      c. went     gone
      d. went     goed
2. do
   a. done  done
   b. doed  doed
   c. did   did
   d. did   done
3. come
   a. came  come
   b. comed comed
   c. came  came
   d. come  come
4. stay
   a. stayed  stayed
   b. steyed  steyed
   c. state  state
   d. staid  staid
5. see
   a. seed  seed
   b. seeed  seeed
   c. saw  sawed
   d. saw  seen
6. put
   a. put  put
   b. putted  putted
   c. put  putted
   d. putted  put
7. meet
   a. meeted  meted
   b. met  met
Unit 10: More about the past

4. Choose the correct words.

1. Peter ...................... football yesterday.
   a. played  b. has played  c. have played

2. They ....................... the car. It looks new again.
   a. has cleaned  b. have cleaned  c. cleaned

3. Last year we ..................... to Italy.
   a. Went  b. Goed  c. have gone

   a. just have read  b. have just read  c. read

5. I ....................... my friend two days ago.
   a. met  b. have met  c. meeted
6. We ………………… another country before.
   a. has never visited   b. visited   c. have never visited

7. She ………………… a new car in 2001.
   a. has bought   b. buyed   c. bought

8. I'm sorry, but I ………………… my homework.
   a. forgot   b. have forgotten   c. has forgotten

5. Choose the answer you think is correct.

1. When ………………… the company?
   a. have you joined
   b. did you joined
   c. did you join
   d. have you ever joined

2. ………………… in Pakistan?
   a. Did you ever worked
   b. Have you ever worked
   c. Worked you
   d. Didn't you have worked

3. That's the best presentation ………………… I never heard
   a. I didn't hear
   b. I used to hear
   c. I've ever heard

4. He's the most difficult customer ………………… I never dealt with.
   a. I never had to deal with.
   b. I've ever had to deal with.
   c. I've never had to deal with.

5. ………………… to him last week. I spoke
   a. I've already spoken
   b. I didn't spoke
   c. I spoke
6. ………… a binding contract last year and it is still valid. We have signed
   a. We signed
   b. We haven't signed
   c. We have sign

7. The reason I look so brown is that …………… from a business trip to Barbados
   a. I come back
   b. I came back
   c. I never came back
   d. I've just come back

8. Sales ……………………… in 1995 but then ………………… in 1996.
   a. rised                   falled
   b. rose                   fell
   c. have risen          have fallen
   d. rose                   have fallen

9. You ……………… to a word ………
   a. listened   I haven't said
   b. didn't listen               I say
   c. listened                       saying
   d. haven't listened           I've said

10. It's obvious that…………………… this report. you haven't read
    a. you didn't read
    b. you don't read
    c. you read not

6. Filling the gaps

Kate : Have you ever ........ to New York?

Sophie: New York? No I've never ........ there. Have you?

Kate: Yes. In fact I've just .......... back from there. I'm doing some consultancy work there and I've .......... at least six weeks there in the last year.
Sophie: That sounds fabulous. Have you .......... to the top of the Empire State Building?

Kate: No, I .......... yet. I haven't .......... the ferry to Ellis Island either. I've just .......... work so hard. Though I have .......... dinner at Sardi's and .......... a Broadway show.

1. Have you ever .......... to New York?
   a. flew   b. went   c. goed   d. been
2. No I've never .......... there.
   a. been   b. went   c. was   d. existed
3. In fact I've just .......... back from there.
   a. been   b. gone   c. came   d. come
4. and I've .......... at least six weeks there in the last year.
   a. past   b. passed   c. spent   d. spend
5. Have you .......... to the top of the Empire State Building?
   a. flown   b. sat up   c. grown up   d. gone up
   a. haven't   b. don't   c. not   d. won't
7. I haven't .......... the ferry to Ellis Island either.
   a. taken   b. swam   c. jumped over   d. driven
8. I've just .......... work so hard.
   a. looked   b. seen   c. must   d. had to
9. though I have .......... dinner at Sardi's
   a. had   b. taken   c. seen   d. served
10. and .......... a Broadway show.
    a. taken   b. watched   c. seen   d. starred in

7. Filling the gaps

Simon: Have you .......... that report yet?

Simon: Well I haven't exactly ........... either you know. I've never ........... as much work on as at present. I haven't ........... a weekend off for months. I need that report urgently.

Lindsey: It's as I've just ........... . I haven't ........... time to do it yet.

1. Have you ........... that report yet?
   a. killed       b. terminated     c. ended       d. finished

2. Sorry, Simon, I ........... .
   a. didn't       b. haven't        c. wouldn't    d. not done

3. I've ........... very busy, you know.
   a. been         b. seemed         c. projected   d. worked

4. I've ........... produce figures for the budget forecast for Head Office
   a. had to       b. must           c. supposed to d. meant

5. I've ........... off ill as well.
   a. been         b. seen          c. run         d. set

6. Well I haven't exactly ........... either you know.
   a. smoked       b. written        c. been       d. been sleeping

7. I've never ........... as much work on as at present.
   a. presented    b. had            c. fed up with d. stood in front of

8. I haven't ........... a weekend off for months.
   a. had          b. represented    c. overcome    d. stood behind

9. It's as I've just ........... .
   a. shouted      b. called         c. told        d. said

10. I haven't ........... time to do it yet.
     a. understood   b. stood for     c. seen        d. had

8. Fill in the verbs in brackets in the Present Perfect

Example: I .................my father's car. (to wash)
          I have washed my father's car.

1. Karen ................. an e-mail. (to send)

2. Dave and Pat ................. the museum. (to visit)
3. They ................ already ................ their rucksacks. (to pack)
4. I .................. at the pet shop. (to be)
5. Markus ................ an accident. (to have)
6. We ................ the shopping for our grandma. (to do)
7. I ................ just ................ my bike. (to clean)
8. Emily ................ her room. (to paint)

9. Fill In the missing forms of the verbs.

*Example:* give

give gave given

1. go ................
2. say ................
3. do ................
4. come ................
5. have ................
6. stand ................
7. make ................
8. sit ................
9. swim .................
10. write ...............
11. speak ..............
12. see ................
13. sing ...............
14. run ...............
15. buy ...............

10. Simple Past / Present Perfect

1. A: Did you like the movie "Star Wars"?
   B: I don't know. I (see, never) ................ that movie.

2. Sam (arrive) ................. in San Diego a week ago.

3. My best friend and I (know) ................ each other for over fifteen years. We still get together once a week.

4. Stinson is a fantastic writer. He (write) ................. ten very creative short stories in the last year. One day, he'll be as famous as Hemingway.

5. I (have, not) ................ this much fun since I (be) ................ a kid.

6. Things (change) ................. a great deal at Coltech, Inc. When we first (start) ................. working here three years ago, the company
(have, only) six employees. Since then, we expand to include more than 2000 full-time workers.

7. I tell him to stay on the path while he was hiking, but he wander off into the forest and be bitten by a snake.

8. Listen Donna, I don't care if you miss the bus this morning. You be late to work too many times. You are fired!

9. Sam is from Colorado, which is hundreds of miles from the coast, so he see, never the ocean. He should come with us to Miami.

10. How sad! George dream of going to California before he died, but he didn't make it. He see, never the ocean.

11. In the last hundred years, traveling become much easier and very comfortable. In the 19th century, it take two or three months to cross North America by covered wagon. The trip be very rough and often dangerous. Things change a great deal in the last hundred and fifty years. Now you can fly from New York to Los Angeles in a matter of hours.

12. Jonny, I can't believe how much you change since the last time I see you. You grow at least a foot!

13. This tree be planted by the settlers who found our city over four hundred years ago.

14. This mountain be, never climbed by anyone. Several mountaineers try to reach the top, but nobody succeed, ever. The climb is extremely difficult and many people die trying to reach the summit.

15. I visit, never Africa, but I travel to South America several times. The last time I go to South America, I visit Brazil and Peru. I spend two weeks in the Amazon, hike for a week near Machu Picchu, and fly over the Nazca Lines.
UNIT 1:

1.

A: Are you, Mr Smith?  
B: James.  
A: What do you do?  
B: I’m an electrician  
A: Are you a doctor?  
B: No, I’m an actress.  
A: Are you a photographer?  
B: No, I am an accountant.

2.  
1. Is your name Gavin Jowitt?  
  No, it isn’t. It’s Luis Dorrington.  
2. Is your name Luis Dorrington?  
  No, it isn’t. It’s James Wharton.

3.  
1. Bạn làm nghề gì?  
2. Bạn có khỏe không?  
3. Tôi là y sỹ.  
4. Cô ấy là y sỹ.

4.  
1. Hello. How are you?  
2. How is your daughter today?  
3. ‘Are you English?’ ‘Yes, I am’  
4. ‘Is Judith a doctor?’ ‘No, she isn’t. She’s a dentist.’  
5. ‘Are you an artist?’ ‘No, I’m not’

5.  
1. A: How are you?  
  B: Not bad. And you?  
  A: I’m fine, thank you.
2. A: How are you?
B: Good afternoon, Mr Kowalsaki. I’m fine, thank you. And you?
A: I’m fine.

3. A: Hello. I’m Polly. What’s your name?
B: My name’s Trieu.

6. 1. Xin chào, tôi tên là Mary Lake.
2. Xin chào. Vâng, phòng 312.
3. Cám ơn.
4. Tên bạn là gì?
5. Cartherine.
6. Tên bạn là gì?
8. Bạn tên là Mark Perkins?

7. 1. How old are you?
2. I’m an engineer.
3. Suzanne is French.
4. Are you an architect?
5. John isn’t English.
6. She’s twenty-seven.

8.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Where’s the Acropolis?</td>
<td>a. No, I am not</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. What’s your name?</td>
<td>b. He’s 33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. How old is Graham?</td>
<td>c. No, she isn’t</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Where are they from?</td>
<td>d. 85p</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. How are the children?</td>
<td>e. It’s in Athens</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. What’s your job?</td>
<td>f. Mexico</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Are they married?</td>
<td>g. They are fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. How much is an orange juice?</td>
<td>h. I am a doctor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. Is she Spanish?</td>
<td>i. Yes, they are</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. Are you at university?</td>
<td>J. I’m Sue</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9. 1. Bananas aren’t blue. They are yellow.
2. Tokyo isn’t the capital of China. It’s the capital of Japan.
4. The day after Thursday isn’t Wednesday. It is Friday.
5. New York isn’t in Canada. It is in America.
6. London and Paris aren’t small cities. They are big cities.

10. 1. How old are children?
2. What is her number phone?
3. Is your flat in the center of London?
4. Is your brother at home?
5. How much are sandwiches the chicken?

11. 1. My brother isn’t married.
2. I’m not a student.
3. Where’s the university?
4. You’re twenty-nine.
5. We’re at school.
6. She’s cool and I’m hot.

12. 1. London is a very big city.
2. Hans is a businessman.
3. Your family is very nice.
4. Buses in London are red.
5. My flat is near here.

13. 1. John is a policeman from New York.
2. Your sister is married.
3. Coffee English isn’t very nice.
4. What is your teacher’s name?

14. 1. isn’t  2. are  3. ’m not  4. is.
5. is  6. am; is  7. isn’t

15. 1. Tôi là sinh viên.
2. Chị tôi là giáo viên.
4. Căn hộ của tôi nhỏ.
5. Căn hộ của John ở trung tâm thị xã.

16. 1. Where’s he from?
2. How old is he?
3. What is your address?
4. What is he job?
5. What is his surname name?
17. 1. Is he a nurse?  He isn’t a nurse.
    2. Is Hai a student?  Hai isn’t a student.
    5. Is it a car?  It isn’t a car.

18. 1. She is from Britain.
        4. He is from Egypt.
    2. He is from America.
        5. He is from Italy.
    3. She is from Russia.

19. 1. ‘Are you Mary Lewis?’  ‘Yes, I am.’
    2. She’s from Spain.  Her name’s Carmen.
    3. He’s from Japan.  His name’s Mr Watanabe.
    4. ‘Are you Italian?’  ‘No, I’m Greek.’
    5. ‘Is your name John Collett?’  ‘No, it isn’t.’
    6. My name’s Alice Stephens.  I’m a dentist.

20. 1. This is Tom. He is from the United States. He is American. He’s an engineer.
        2. Is Bradlay a cook? No, he is a mechanic. Is he from England? Yes, he is from England.

21. My name is (Nam). I’m (a telecoms engineer). I’m twenty-eight years old. I’m from Vietnam. I’m Vietnamese.

21. 1. is; an; is; from.
        2. This; is; is; Australian; are

23. This is my family. This is my father. He’s a doctor. He’s English. This is my mother. She’s a teacher. She’s Australian. My name is Martha. I’m a student.
UNIT 2

1. 1. is; her  2. are; are  3. is; her  4. is; Her.  5. are; Their; is.

2. 1. got.  2. have  3. has  4. got  5. I haven’t got.

3. B: (1) Good morning.
   B: (2) Thank you.
   A: (3) Are you married?
   B: (4) am.
   A: (5) your husband’s
   A: (6) how old is he?
   A: (7) children?
   B: (8) we have; girl.

4. 1. Have you got any brothers?
   2. Excuse me. Is your name Ann Simth?
   3. Lucy and her brother are students?
   4. Where is Cartherin’s father from?
   5. How do you spell your first name?

5. Her name’s Ann Harris. She’s thirty years old. She’s a photographer. Her address is 17 York Gardens, Perth. She’s married. Her husband’s name is John Harris. His is twenty-six years old. He’s a dentist. They’ve got two children. Their names are Mary and Sam. Mary’s four and Sam’s two.

6. 1. s  2. s  3. ’s; ’s  4. s’; ’s  5. x

7. 1. her  2. wife’s  3. a  4. they  5. our

8. Alice is sixteen. She is a student from Aberdeen, in Scotland. Her surname is MacAllen. MacAllen is a Scottish name, not an English name. Alice lives at 6 Menzies Way. She is not very well today.

   Steve is twenty. His surname is Berczuk; it’s a Ukrainian name. He’s an artist, so his job is interesting. He’s is from Australia, but now he is both British and Australian. He is from Sydney. His address in London is 113 Beech Road, NW2.
Đáp án bài tập

9.  5: five  66: sixty-six  90: ninety
   55: fifty-five  6: six  19: nineteen
   50: fifty  16: sixteen  9: nine
   15: fifteen  60: sixty  99: ninety-nine

10. 82: eighty-two  23: twenty-three
    14: fourteen  30: thirty
    61: sixty  47: forty-seven
    88: eighty-eight  17: seventeen
    54: fifty-four  12: twelve

11. 3. Japan  4. thanks  5. good  6. seven (oddnumber)

12. 1. Bạn bao nhiêu tuổi?
    2. Bạn có khỏe không?
    3. Cô ấy sống ly thân với chồng.
    4. Cô ấy đã ly dị.
    5. Cô ấy là quả phụ.

13. 1. I am  2. You are  3. He/ She/ It is
    4. We are  5. You are  6. They are

    2. Anh ấy khá đẹp trai.
    3. Đây là bạn của Sam, Eric.
    4. Đây là bạn gái của Sam, Judy.

15.

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>John’s</td>
<td>Mark’s</td>
<td>Joyce’s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ann’s</td>
<td>An artist’s</td>
<td>Greece’s</td>
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<tr>
<td>Alan’s</td>
<td>My parents’</td>
<td>Alice’s</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ronald’s</td>
<td></td>
<td>Mr Nash’s</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Đáp án bài tập

16. 1. engineers 6. boyfriends
2. artists 7. secretaries
3. women 8. doctors
4. children 9. countries
5. daughters 10. men

17. 1. Joe và Ann có 3 người con.
2. Tôi có 2 con gái và một con trai.
3. Tên họ là gì?
4. Con trai tôi tên là Fred.
5. Các con gái tôi tên là Alice và Lucy.
6. Ai là con gái của John?

18. 1. Xin mời ngồi.
2. Bạn là người Canada, phải không?
3. Xin lỗi chờ cho một lúc.
4. Bạn có máy người con?
5. Gi có a?


20. 1. students 8. families
2. ages 9. parents
3. windows 10. sisters
4. men 11. wives
5. women 12. addresses
6. boyfriends 13. housewives
7. children 14. secretaries

21. 100: one hundred 12: twelve
58: fifty-eight 95: ninety-five
83: eighty-three 32: thirty-two
10: ten 76: seventy-six
17: seventeen 14: fourteen
2: two 29: twenty-nine
70: seventy 40: forty
61: sixty-one 11: eleven

22. 1. Where’s your bag? 2. What do you do?
   3. How are you? 4. Are they teachers?
23. 1. I’m 2. I am. 3. he is.

24. My friend Solange is from Paris.
   She’s a journalist for the international page of a daily newspaper.
   She’s a dark, slim, pretty woman, and very intelligent.
   She speaks English, German, Spanish and a little Italian.
   Her holiday home has got a swimming pool.
   She and her ex-husband have got one son, Julien.
   He is fifteen.
   He is quite tall and fair, and a good swimmer.
   And a good tennis player.
   Solange is a good swimmer, too.

26.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>I</th>
<th>you</th>
<th>they</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I am</td>
<td>my</td>
<td>theirs</td>
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<td>your</td>
<td>yours</td>
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<td>I am not</td>
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<td>are I?</td>
<td>are you?</td>
<td>are they?</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
27. 2. They are 3. I have 4. are not 5. have not 6. He is
28. 2. John is 3. Susan is 4. Where is; her bag
      5. His book 6. Ann is
29. What is your name? Is John English?
    Who is your sister? Are they photographers?
    How are you? Have you got any sisters?
    How old is John? Is she an engineer?
    What does rapid mean? Where are they from?
    How do you spell it? What do Ann and her mother do?
    Who is your brother?
UNIT 3

1. There are four rooms in Sally’s flat: a living room, two bedrooms and a big kitchen. There is a bathroom too, and a separate toilet. In the kitchen there is a big fridge and a dishwasher. There is a colour TV in the living room.

2. There are two rooms in Sally’s flat: a bed-sitting room, and a very small kitchen. There is a small bathroom with a shower and a toilet. In the kitchen there is a small fridge. There is a black and white TV in the bed-sitting room.

7. 1. A: Excuse me. Where’s the reception desk, please?
    B: Over there by the stairs.
    A: Oh, thank you very much.
    * * *

2. A: Excuse me. Where’s room 8, please?
    B: Upstairs on the first floor.
    A: Oh, thank you very much.
    * * *

3. A: Excuse me. Where’s the nearest car park?
    B: I’m sorry, I don’t know.
    A: Thank you anyway

9. 1. True. (between Alaska and Siberia)
2. False. (but in 1610 was true)
3. False. (4,807)
4. False. (100 pence)
5. True.
6. False. (1.6 kilometers)
7. True.
8. False. (there are penguins in the Antarctic)

11. 1. Armchair, chair, table, cupboard, fridge,…..
2. Artist, doctor, engineer, photographer, housewife,…
3. Bank, post office, station, police station, car park,…
4. Bedroom, living room, kitchen, bathroom, hall, …

12. 1. Trong nhà có hai đường ngự.
2. Có một cái đi văng trong phòng khách.
Đáp án bài tập

3. Chỉ gái tôi làm việc ở Edingburgh.
4. Tôi sống ở số 37 đường Valley.
5. Chỉ tôi sống ở tầng trệt, và anh trai tôi sống trong một căn hộ nhỏ trên tầng ba.
6. Xin lỗi. Bưu điện gần nhất ở đâu à?
7. Ở đăng kia bên tay phải.
8. ‘Cảm ơn anh nhiều.’ ‘Không có gì’.
9. Xin lỗi, tôi không biết
10. Dù sao cũng xin cảm ơn anh.
11. Hãy đi tiếp khoảng 300 mét nữa.
12. Hãy rẽ vào lối rẽ phải thứ nhất, rẽ rẽ vào lối rẽ trái thứ hai.
13. Xa chúng nào?

13. Catherine

Peter likes Anne. John likes two people; one of them can’t be Catherine, because only one person likes her, and that is Anne. So John likes Anne and Peter, and the person who doesn’t like Anne is Catherine

15. 1. I’m at home. 2. I’m at school. 3. I’m at school.
4. I’m at home. 5. I’m at dinner.

16.

17. 1. b. 2. c. 3. a 4. b 5. c. 6. a

18. My brother is a telecoms engineer. His office is on the sixth floor. In the office there is a telephone, a computer, a desk and some chairs. He lives in a small flat and goes to work by bus. He goes to work at a quarter past seven and comes back home at half past five. He doesn’t like music.
UNIT 4

1. 1. do; speak 2. do not know 3. does; live 4. do; work
   5. does not work 6. Does; like 7. Do; speak

   4. How many 5. How much

3. 1. in 2. on 3. in 4. in 5. near 6. to
   7. by 8. at 9. on 10. to
   11. opposite/neat to/near 12. of 13. next to/ opposite/ near
   14. outside 15. from 16. until 17. at 18. at 19. from
   20. at 21. in 22. on 23. in 24. at 25. in
   26. on 27. in 28. on 29. on

4. 1. are some 2. Is; any 3. many; are 4. A lot of 5. much

5. 1. sometimes 2. never 3. often 4. never 5. usually 6. always
   7. never 8. often 9. always 10. never 11. usually
   12. sometimes

6. 1. Tôi không thích mèo, nhưng anh trai tôi rất thích chúng.
   2. ‘Bạn có thích chó không?’ ‘Có’/’không’
   3. Còn tùy.
   4. Máy giờ rồi?
   5. Ba giờ muối phút; ba rưỡi; bốn giờ kém muối làm; bốn giờ kém năm.
   6. Cô ấy ở nhà.
   7. Cô ấy ở trường.
   8. Stan thức dậy lúc bảy giờ.
11. Bạn đọc báo nào?

12. Bạn thích loại nhạc nào?

7. 1. Have not 2. We are 3. Does not 4. You are

5. Do not 6. They are 7. I am

8.

1. Yes, I am. 6. Yes, I do.
2. No, I don’t. 7. Yes, I am.
3. Yes, I am. 8. No, I don’t.
4. No, I’m not. 9. Yes, I do

5. No, I don’t.

9. 1. likes 2. watches 3. gets 4. goes

5. has 6. sells 7. studies 8. finishes

11. I haven’t got enough money.

I haven’t got too many clothes.

I haven’t got a lot of free time.

12. 1. Bạn có biết khoai tây giá 80 xu 1 kg không?


3. Thất vọng không.

4. Không có quyển sách nào ở trên bàn cả.

5. Không có tuyệt ở trong vườn.


7. Tôi không hiểu.

8. Ở Mỹ có bao nhiêu bang?

9. Ở đây không có nhiều người.


11. Tôi có quá nhiều việc.

13. 1. Is there any sugar in the fridge?

2. What time do you go to work?
3. Do you go to work by car?
4. Are there any apples on the table?
5. Where do you live?
6. Were you in Patterson’s yesterday?
7. Excuse me. Where is the supermarket?
8. How far is the post office?
9. Where do you work?
10. What is your phone number?
11. How do you get to work?
12. What sort of books do you like?
13. Do you like Mozart?

15. | costs | dislikes | gets | goes | hates | likes |
    |       |         |      |      |       |       |
    | listens to | lives | loves | plays | reads |       |
    | starts | stops | travels | tries | watches | works |

16. 1. lives 2. flies 3. has 4. goes 5. speaks 6. starts
17. 1. is 2. does 3. is 4. does 5. has 6. Is 7. is 8. Does 9. has 10. is

18. 1 - c 2 - g 3 - d 4 - h 5 - e 6 - f 7 - a 8 - b

19

a. 1. What does he have for breakfast?
   2. How does he go to work?
   3. Where does he have lunch?
   4. What does he do in the evening?
   5. What time does he go to bed?

b. 1. What time does he start work?
   2. Where does he work?
   3. What time does he have lunch?
   4. What time does he stop work?
   5. What does he like doing in the evenings?
19.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>What</td>
<td>do you go to bed?</td>
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<tr>
<td>Where</td>
<td>languages do you speak?</td>
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<tr>
<td>What time</td>
<td>is a cup of coffee and a sandwich?</td>
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<tr>
<td>Who</td>
<td>do you usually sit next to?</td>
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<tr>
<td>How much</td>
<td>do you do at weekend?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How many</td>
<td>do you go on holiday?</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

20. Nam’s a mechanic. He repairs cars in a garage. He gets up at half past six and goes to work by car. He doesn’t have breakfast and works from eight to a quarter to six. He doesn’t work on Saturdays. At the weekend he sees his friends or plays tennis.
UNIT 5

1.  1. c  2. a  3. b  4. a  5. b  6. d
2.  1. What are you wearing at the moment?
   2. Do you look like your mother?
   3. Do you play any sports at the weekend?
   4. How much are these black T-shirts?
   5. Have you got it in a larger size?
   6. Has your brother got blue eyes?
3.  1. has got  2. are  3. are  4. is  
   5. has got  6. some
4.  1. Have you got yellow ear-rings?
   2. Have you got a camera?
   3. Has your father got blue eyes?
   4. Has Carol got many friends?
   5. Have Mr and Mrs Lewis got any children?
   6. What kind of car has John got?
5.  1. She is 1.75 meters tall.
   2. She is quite slim.
   3. Blue.
   4. Her hair is shoulder-length straight dark.
   5. She usually wear jeans and a T-shirt when she is at work. And a skirt, a blouse when she is at home.
6.  1. My friends are helping me.
   2. I am wearing jeans.
   3. The teacher is watching me.
   4. It is raining.
   5. The sun is shining.
   6. I am working at home.
7. The people in the next room are having a party.
8. I’m listening to the radio.

7. 1. Have ... have  
    2. Does ... does  
    3. got ... has  
    4. Do ... do  
    5. got ... have 
    6. have ... do 

8. 1. in  
    2. on  
    3. at  
    4. at  
    5. in  
    6. on  
    7. x 
    8. at  
    9. in  
    10. in  
    11. at  
    12. x  
    13. on  
    14. in 

9. 

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<td>attractive</td>
<td>ugly</td>
<td>curly</td>
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<td>exciting</td>
<td>boring</td>
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<td>slim</td>
<td>fat</td>
<td>noisy</td>
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<td>big</td>
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<td>poor</td>
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<tr>
<td>dull</td>
<td>lively</td>
<td>thick</td>
<td>thin</td>
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</table>

10. 2. What do you think I should do? 
    3. She’s playing tennis with John this afternoon. 
    4. Have you got a dog? 
    5. They don’t want to go to the cinema. 
    6. There is a computer in the office. 
    7. Do any students live in this house? 

11. a. The man has got a long face and a pointed nose. He has got a small moustache and short black hair. His eyes are small. And he has a scar on his left cheek. 

    b. The woman has a round face high cheek bones and a rather flat nose. She has got wavy dark hair and fair complexion. Her eyes are large. She is an attractive person.
c. He is tall and slim. He has got short straight and fair hair.
d. She is short and thin. She has short, curly brown hair.

12. (Câu trả lời tham khảo)

Have you got a pet? Yes, I have.
Do you have a pet? Yes, I do.
I haven't got a car. /I don't have a car.
Have you got a boyfriend / girlfriend? Yes, I have. /No, I haven't.
Do you have a boyfriend / girlfriend? Yes, I do. /No, I don't.
I haven't got a mobile phone./ I don't have a mobile phone.
Have you got an interesting job? Yes, I have. /No, I haven't.
Do you have an interesting job? Yes, I do. /No, I don't.
Have you got any brothers or sisters? Yes, I have. No, I haven't.
Do you have any brothers or sisters? Yes, I do. /No, I don't.
I haven't got a swimming pool./ I don't have a swimming pool.
Have you got a flat? Yes, I have (or No, I haven't).
Do you have a flat? Yes, I do (or No, I don't).
I haven't got any children./ I don't have any children.
Have you got a fax machine? Yes, I have
Do you have a fax machine? Yes, I do.

13. (Câu trả lời tham khảo)

1. What colour is your dress? It's pink.
2. What colour is his tie? It's grey.
3. What colour is his T-shirt? It's orange.
4. What colour is her jacket? It's black.
5. What colour is your sweater? It's white.
6. What colour is her hat? It's green.
7. What colour are her jeans? They are blue.
8. What colour are his shoes? They are brown.
9. What colour are your trousers? They are light grey.
10. What colour are your stockings? They are orange.

14. 1. Have you got any sisters?
    2. How many brothers have you got?
    3. Has your mother got any sisters?
    4. How many brothers has your father got?
    5. Do you look like your mother?
    6. Who do you look like?
    7. Does your younger brother look like your father?
    8. What colour are your shoes?
    9. How old is your elder brother?
   10. Is he good-looking?

15. A friend.

16. 1. We all like to think we are different from other people.
    2. We want to wear clothes that are in fashion.
    3. A film star, a TV or pop star.
    4. Clothes manufacturers.
UNIT 6

1. 1. What are you wearing at the moment?
   2. Where are you living when you started school?
   3. Where did you go on holiday when you were a child?
   4. Do you play any sports at the weekend?
   5. What time did you get up this morning?
   6. Have you ever been to Egypt to see the pyramids?
   7. Do you look like your mother?

2. a. hasn’t  
   b. am  
   c. don’t  
   d. didn’t  
   e. have  
   f. do  
   g. did  
   h. isn’t

3. MAKE
   up my mind  
   a profit  
   a mess  
   a noise  
   a complaint  
   a phone call  
   sure that  
   friends with  
   my bed  
   a will  
   money  
   progress  
   a speech

DO
   the shopping  
   My best  
   someone a favour  
   business with  
   the housework  
   exercises  
   nothing  
   The washing-up

4. 1. I like working in small groups most.
   2. I like working with a partner.
   3. I’d like to have less homework.
   4. It’s very nice. It’s not very big, but there’s a nice blue notice-board, and there are green plants. It’s light and comfortable…
5. It’s not very good, but it’s getting better.
6. I’d like to speak more in class, and write more at home.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. I only like white chocolate.</td>
<td>I don’t. I can’t stand it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Would you like a lift?</td>
<td>It’s OK. I’ll get the bus.</td>
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<tr>
<td>c. Would you like some more cake?</td>
<td>I’d love some. It’s delicious.</td>
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<tr>
<td>d. Would you like a cold drink?</td>
<td>I’d love one. I’m very thirsty.</td>
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<td>e. Don't you like your boss?</td>
<td>I hate him.</td>
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<td>f. I don't like cabbage.</td>
<td>Really? I love it.</td>
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<td>g. I wouldn't like to work for her!</td>
<td>Nor would I.</td>
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<td>h. Would you like to come to dinner</td>
<td>I’d love to.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>i. What do you like doing at the weekends?</td>
<td>Nothing.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6. 1. a married person - a return ticket
    2. a weak man - light beer
    3. a poor person - plain food
    4. a sour apple - dry wine
    5. a mild curry - a cold drink
    6. fair hair - a light room


8. 1. Who are you waiting for?
    2. Who does he work for?
    3. What are you thinking about?
4. Who are you staying with?
5. Who does the pen belong to?
6. Who is the letter from?
7. What are you worried about?
8. What are you worried about?
9. What are you staring at?
10. Who are you writing to?

9. 1: off       6: late
2: spend      7: join
3: things     8: watching
4: fishing    9: singer
5: in         10: movies

10. 1. Mai is wearing a colorful hat to day.
    2. It's dangerous to drive fast.
    3. There are four kilos of oranges in this box.
    4. Would you like me to water the garden, Dad.
    5. Mum doesn't want me to stay up late.
    6. I'm tired of staying at home all day.
    7. What's there to eat? - Only a packet of biscuits.
    8. Our garden looks beautiful in the spring.

11. 1. When Fred is hot he goes to the swimming pool.
    2. When Lucy is hot she has a cool drink.
    3. When Fred is dirty he has a bath.
    4. When Lucy is dirty she has a shower.
    5. When Fred is happy he goes shopping.
    6. When Lucy is happy she telephones all her friends.
    7. When Fred is unhappy he goes to bed.
8. When Lucy is unhappy she goes shopping.
9. When Fred is ill he sees his doctor.
10. When Lucy is ill she goes to bed.
12. Customer : How much is that blue sweater in the shop window.
    Assistant : £ 19.50.
    C  : Can I try it on?
    A   : Of course.
    C  : I'm afraid it's too big. Can I try another one?
    A   : Yes, of course.
    C  : This one is O.K. Have you got any other colours?
    A   : Yes, I've got it in red, green, yellow and black.
    C  : I'd like a red one.
    A   : Yes, here you are.
    C  : That is O.K. I'll take it, please.
13. A. 1. from  2. behind  3. through  4. below
    B. 1. past  2. down  3. opposite
14. A. 1. can't come  4. can't find
    2. can speak  5. can see
    3. can't hear
    B. 1. Can you stand on your head? No, I can't.
    2. Can you walk on your hands? Yes, I can.
    3. Can Mary play the piano? Yes, I can.
    4. Can they windsurf? No, they can't.
    5. Can your sister dance? Yes, she can.
15. a. Sa Pa          b. Nha Trang        c. Nha Rong harbor
    d. Ha Long Bay      e. Da Lat
16. A. I'd like to look at some watches.
       Would you like to try it on?
Can I try it on?
I'd like 500 grams of blue cheese.
I like this colour.
I'll take them.
Have you got anything in blue?
Can you help us, please?
I'd like a red one.

B. When do you want to travel.
I'd like a hotel near the centre.
Do you need accommodation?
Whereabouts in Australia.
How many people is it for?
We'd like to go by train.
Is it for two people?
How would you like to go?
We'd like to book a trip to Italy.
How long do you want to go for?
How long is the flight?
We want to spend about two weeks there.

17. 1. Jacket and a tie  2. Medium size
     3. £ 63.20 and £ 5.50  4. By credit card
UNIT 7

1. 1. We were on holiday last week.
   2. John and Mary were at a party last night.
   3. The weather wasn't very nice last Monday.
   4. I wasn't ill yesterday.
   5. You were late yesterday morning.
   6. They weren't here this morning.
   7. James wasn't in New York last week.

2. 1. Was Kate at the meeting?
   2. When was Carol's party?
   3. Where were we last Tuesday?
   4. Were Mr and Mrs Smith on holiday last week?
   5. Was I away last Friday?

3.

<table>
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<td><strong>Infinitive</strong></td>
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<td>stop</td>
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</table>
4. lifted waited started
needed wanted expected decided

5. 1. They moved here six years ago.
2. My grandfather died (…) years ago.
3. The plane left ten minutes ago.
4. She was born eighty-seven years ago.
5. The meeting started four hours ago.

6. 1. had 2. dropped 3. went 4. decided 5. stole
6. caught 7. booked 8. cost 9. came 10. was
11. didn't stop 12. entered 13. travelled 14. tried 15. refused
16. called 17. told 18. was 19. left 20. got
21. found 22. took 23. put 24. felt 25. were
26. said 27. ran

7. 1. He didn't use his own passport. He used his father's.
2. He didn't take a taxi to the airport. He caught the train.
3. He didn't go to Manchester airport. He went to Heathrow.
4. He didn't catch a flight to Singapore. He caught a flight to Kuala Lumpur.
5. He didn't pay £600 for the ticket. He paid £499.
6. The police didn’t find him in Johor Baharu. They found him in Kota Baharu.

8. - Why did you have an argument with your father?
- Where did the rest of your family go?
- How did you pay for the ticket?
- Did you stay in Kuala Lumpur?
- What did you do there?
- Did you phone your parents?
- Where did the police find you?
9.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Verbs</th>
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<tr>
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11. **B.**

1. was
2. were
3. were
4. were
5. was.

**C.**

1. I was born
2. in the

6. was
7. was
8. was
3. we were  
4. my parents were  
5. I was  
6. when I was a  

12. 1. waited didn’t  
2. did  
3. saw didn’t  
4. did  
5. did you do  

13. 1. a job.  
2. a newspaper.  
3. He looked at the advertisements.  
4. He saw an advertisement.  
5. He phoned the number in the advertisement.  
6. He spoke to Mr Allen.  
7. Mr Allen asked Frank to visit him at 3 o’clock that afternoon.  
8. He wore his blue suit.  
9. Yes, he did.  
10. A lot of question.  

14. 1. No, it is cheap.  
2. The Pentax  
3. Three  
4. Only one.  
5. He can take good pictures on a sunny day.  
6. Yes, he can.  
7. Pentax.  

15. (Some possible answers)  
When you were a small child were you poor/ rich?  
When you were a small child : - was life hard?  
- were you and your family happy?  
- was your father out a lot?
### 16.

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### 17.

1. The Nile is the longest river in the world.
2. Maria is the best student in our class.
3. My parents are the most wonderful people in the world.
4. Mont Blanc is the highest mountain in Europe.
5. Tim is the youngest person in the Carlton family.
6. Alaska is the biggest state in the USA.
7. Brazil is the most successful football team in the world.
8. Jupiter is the largest planet in the solar system.
UNIT 8

1. 1. are 2. am 3. is raining 4. are singing
   5. are watching 6. are sleeping 7. is feeding 8. are packing

2. 1. is making muffins 2. are cutting the glass
   3. is writing a letter 4. are swapping things
   5. is dancing with Bob 6. are saving money for a book
   7. am running home 8. is taking a shower
   9. is swimming 10. is riding

3. 1. Is watching a film 2. Are buying a new house
   3. Are playing chess 4. Is feeding his dog
   5. Is washing her hair 6. Are helping their father
   7. Are learning the poem 8. Is drawing a picture
   9. Are singing a song 10. Am talking to John


5. 1. What are Kim and Tina playing in the garden?
   2. What are Kim and Tina playing in the garden?
   3. How does Anne like her new job?
   4. Where are the Barnes planning a trip?
   5. When will the shop be closed?
   6. When does Beverly usually get up?
   7. Why can't he meet Sharon?
   8. Who listens to his new CDs every evening?


7. 1. is leaving 2. 'm beginning 3. is working
   4. 's ringing 5. is seeing

8. 1. We're living in a very nice flat.
   2. The company is working hard to improve its image.
3. I'm reading a very interesting book about China.
4. The Barrons are having a party on Saturday.
5. Our team are playing badly today.
6. My son is playing with his new train set.
7. Sheila's talking to someone on her mobile.
8. I'm meeting Bob at 12 tomorrow morning.
9. Margot is flying to Rome next week.
10. I am hoping that you will meet me.

9. 1. isn't having         2. aren't studying 3. isn't raining
    4. not studying            5. n't going

10. 1. Anita isn't doing her English homework.
     2. We aren't having the Progress Test today!
     3. Unfortunately, the Petersons aren't coming for dinner.
     4. The photocopier isn't working.
     5. Lisa and her sister aren't renting a flat together.
     6. We aren't working next Saturday.
     7. Clive and I aren't going anywhere at weekends.
     8. The phone isn't ringing.
     9. I'm not doing anything right now.
    10. Nobody is playing computer games.

11. 1. Is it starting        2. Is Sue studying       3. Are you taking
     4. Is the dog playing    5. Are they coming

12. 1. Is Pamela playing tennis with you tomorrow?
     2. Are you doing anything tonight?
     3. Are they moving into a bigger office in London?
     4. Is Sean doing his presentations on Wednesday?
     5. Is anyone else staying after classes?
     6. Are they going home already?
     7. Isn't your wife coming back?
8 Are you joking?
9 Are your kids taking part in the play?
10 anyone Is anyone watching TV?
13. 1. are you working        2. are they studying
    3. is John shaking        4. are your friends coming
    5. are they visiting
14. 1 What time are your friends coming?
    2 What country are you visiting on vocation?
    3 Who are you speaking to?
    4 Where are you staying tonight?
    5 What the hell are you doing?
    6 When is your train arriving in Moscow?
    7 Who's my wife dancing with?
    8 What car are they buying?
    9 How many people are coming?
    10 What are you drinking?
15. 1. is reading        2. are you doing        3. are working
    4. isn't listening    5. is sitting        6. are you studying
    7. isn't ringing
16. 1 I'm looking for my glasses.
    2 What kind of book are you reading?
    3 Why is Pamela crying?
    4 Paul is studying economics at Kharkov National University.
    5 Why is everyone laughing?
    6 Are you waiting for me?
    7 When are you leaving?
    8 John is working in Saudi Arabia at the moment.
    9 Is Jennifer working for the same company as you?
    10 I'm having a party next Saturday - do you want to come?
UNIT 9

1. 1. Jane didn't watch a film.
2. He didn't carry a box.
3. They didn't help their father.
4. John and Amy didn't swap things.
5. I didn't talk to Andrew.
6. Susan didn't dance with Peter.
7. The boys didn't try basketball.
8. We didn't plan a trip.
9. She didn't wash her hair.
10. The car didn't stop at the traffic lights.

2. 1. Were not 2. Did not do 3. Did Susan go…
4. Did not help 5. Were you 6. Did you phone
7. Did not like - was 8. Did not tidy up


4.

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<th>past participle</th>
<th>translation</th>
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<td>lay</td>
<td>laid</td>
<td>laid</td>
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<td>to shine</td>
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<td>shone</td>
<td>Chiếu sáng</td>
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<td>to slide</td>
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<td>Trượt</td>
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<td>To strike</td>
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<td>đánh đập</td>
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<td>xé</td>
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<tr>
<td>To dig</td>
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<td>To cling</td>
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<td>To forbid</td>
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<td>To stride</td>
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<td>stridden</td>
<td>đi sai bước</td>
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6. 1. Jane didn't watch a film.
2. He didn't carry a box.
3. They didn't help their father.
4. John and Amy didn't swap things.
5. I didn't talk to Andrew.
6. Susan didn't dance with Peter.
7. The boys didn't try basketball.
8. We didn't plan a trip.
9. She didn't wash her hair.
10. The car didn't stop at the traffic lights.


9. 1. A: What (you, do) were you doing when the accident occurred?
   B: I (try) was trying to change a light bulb that had burnt out.

2. After I (find) found the wallet full of money, I (go, immediately) immediately went to the police and (turn) turned it in.

3. The doctor (say) said that Tom (be) was too sick to go to work and that he (need) need to stay at home for a couple of days.

4. Sebastian (arrive) arrived at Susan's house a little before 9:00 pm, but she (be, not) was not there. She (study, at the library) was at the library studying for her final examination in French.

5. Sandy is in the living room watching television. At this time yesterday, she (watch, also) was also watching television. That's all she ever does!
6. A: I (call) called you last night after dinner, but you (be, not) were not there. Where were you?

B: I (work) was working out at the fitness center.

7. When I (walk) walled into the busy office, the secretary (talk) was talking on the phone with a customer, several clerks (work, busily) were busily working at their desks, and two managers (discuss, quietly) were quietly discussing methods to improve customer service.

8. I (watch) was watching a mystery movie on T.V. when the electricity went out. Now I am never going to find out how the movie ends.

9. Sharon (be) was in the room when John told me what happened, but she didn't hear anything because she (listen, not) was not listening.

10. It's strange that you (call) called because I (think, just) was just thinking about you.

11. The Titanic (cross) was crossing the Atlantic when it (strike) struck an iceberg.

12. When I entered the bazaar, a couple of merchants (bargain, busily) were busily bargaining and (try) trying to sell their goods to naive tourists who (hunt) were hunting for souvenirs. Some young boys (lead) were leading their donkeys through the narrow streets on their way home. A couple of men (argue) were arguing over the price of a leather belt. I (walk) walled over to a man who (sell) was selling fruit and (buy) bought a banana.

13. The firemen (rescue) rescued the old woman who (be) was trapped on the third floor of the burning building.

14. She was so annoying! She (leave, always) was always leaving her dirty dishes in the sink. I think she (expect, actually) actually expected me to do them for her.

15. Samantha (live) lived in Berlin for more than two years. In fact, she (live) was living there when the Berlin wall came down.
professor was at the front of the hall lecturing while she (talk) was talking to me. I couldn't believe she (make) was making a phone call during the lecture. I asked what was going on.

She said her biology professor was so boring that several of the students (sleep, actually) were actually sleeping in class. Some of the students (talk) were talking about their plans for the weekend and the student next to her (draw) was drawing a picture of a horse. When Angela (tell) told me she was not satisfied with the class, I (mention) mentioned that my biology professor was quite good and (suggest) suggested that she switch to my class.

While we were talking, I (hear) heard her professor yell, "Miss, are you making a phone call?" Suddenly, the line went dead. I (hang) hung up the phone and went to the kitchen to make dinner. As I (cut) was cutting vegetables for a salad, the phone rang once again. It (be) was Angela, but this time she wasn't sitting in class.
Đáp án bài tập

UNIT 10
1. 1. b  2. d  3. d  4. c  5. d  6. b  7. e  8. a  9. c  10. a
2. 1. b  2. c  3. d  4. b  5. a  6. c  7. b  8. a
4. 1. a  2b  3. a  4. b  5. a  6. c  7. c  8. b
   5. Has had  6. Have done  7. Have cleaned  8. has painted
10. 1. Have never seen
    2. Arrived
    3. Have known
    4. Wrote
    5. Haven’t had - was
    6. Have changed - started - had - have expanded
    7. Told - wandered - was
    8. Missed - have been
    9. Has never seen
   10. Dreamed - has never seen
   11. Became - took - was - have changed
   12. have changed - saw - have grown
   13. Was - founded
   14. Has never been - tried - has ever succeeded - died
   15. Have never visited - have traveled - went - visited - spent -hiked - flew
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